

# THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

XVII, NO. 5319

PORTSMOUTH, N. H. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1902.

PRICE 2 CENTS

**LIAN SELL**  
**5¢ CIGAR**  
**GOOD TOBACCO**  
**GOOD WORKMANSHIP**  
**GOOD VALUE**

**Just what your FAVORITE 5¢ CIGAR should be**

**AND MADE** *NOT* **MADE IN A MOULD**

## VISIBLE SAVING FOR SHREWD SELECTORS.

run 15 large stores in prominent towns. We purchase quantities of the best goods. This big buying age we divide with you—making a price on our product few if any can compete with. We buy nothing but standard quality. Few purchasers go further once they acquainted with our

## Butter, Cheese, Eggs.

Don't buy at random; we'll give you good reasons for seeing here.

## S' BUTTER AND TEA STORE,

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**STORES:**  
on Fitchburg  
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Nashua  
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Northampton  
Westfield  
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Peyser & Son offer Timely Bargains in Children's Winter Suits at \$2.50 to \$5.00.

Suits of Knee Pants at 50c and 75c.

Suits of Sweaters for Boys, \$1.00 and 00.

Suits of the Famous \$2.00 Pants for Men.

Values in Men's Suits at \$8.50 and 00.

Suits in Men's Ulsters and Driving Coats \$7.50 and \$10.00.

## ENRY PEYSER & SON.

**YOU CERTAINLY WANT THE PUREST FINE OLD V. TAYLOR WHISKEY**

ull Quarts. 8 Years Old.  
**R. H. HIRSHFIELD, N. E. Agent,**  
31 DOANE STREET, BOSTON.  
or Sale by Case and Bottle by Globe Grocery Co.

**W. L. Brown**  
This signature is on every box of the genuine  
**Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets**  
the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

### CORBIN'S BODY FOUND.

Mysterious Disappearance of Haverhill Fireman Cleared Up By Salisbury Clammers.

Newburyport, March 4.—The body of Timothy Corbin, the member of the Haverhill fire department who has been missing since Nov. 21, and who it was thought had committed suicide, was found on the Salisbury shore near Black Rock creek Monday. John Moody and Henry True, two Salisbury clammers, were out after driftwood that had been brought down the river by the freshet, when they saw the body on a cake of ice. They carried it to Eaton's landing and gave it in charge of an undertaker from this city. An examination by Medical Examiner Hurd failed to reveal evidence of a bullet wound, the only mark on the head being a superficial scalp wound inflicted after death. Several ribs were broken, probably by the ice. Corbin was dressed in full regulation department uniform minus the cap, which, with a revolver, was found on the bank of the river at Haverhill soon after he disappeared. The body is in a good state of preservation and will be taken to Haverhill for interment. A reward of \$50 was offered by Mrs. Corbin for the recovery of the body and will be claimed by the Salisbury men. Corbin had been a member of the Haverhill department for about thirty years and was popular with his associates.

### BURGLARS GOT AWAY.

Had Entered Exeter Jewelry Store, But Took No Booty—Officer's Shot Ineffective.

Exeter, March 4.—While approaching the Walter E. Burt jewelry store on Water street at 2:20 on Monday morning, Officer Howe heard voices, and an instant later two men jumped from the doorway and ran from him. He turned his electric flashlight upon the men and ran in pursuit, ordering them to halt. Not heeding the command, he fired at them twice, both bullets going wide of the mark. The men, whom Officer Howe could not recognize, turned into Newmarket road, and in the darkness were soon lost to sight. Mr. Burt was roused, and on investigation found the contents of his store intact. The men had gained an entrance by picking the lock of the door.

### MEANING OF WORD "BEER."

't Signified Nothing to a Dover Judge.

Dover, March 4.—A decision, which it is admitted staggered opponents of liquor sellings, was given by Associate Justice William T. Nason in the municipal court here today. He decided that the word "beer" signified nothing within the meaning of the statutes prohibiting the sale of liquor in New Hampshire.

Two defendants, charged with keeping malt liquor for sale, were ordered discharged, because the judge said County Attorney Scott had not proved that the liquor found in their possession was "malt liquor," or, in other words, that beer contained malt. Associate Justice Nason was sitting today in the absence of Justice George S. Frost. The cases on trial were the result of a series of raids made Saturday afternoon.

### STEAMER FOUNDERS.

The Tiber Probably Lost With All On Board.

Halifax, March 4.—The British steamer Tiber, from Louisburg, C. B., for Halifax, with a cargo of 1,325 tons of coal for the Dominion Coal company, is missing, and it is feared that she has foundered with her captain and crew of twenty men. The steamer left Louisburg last Wednesday afternoon at four o'clock. The weather was then fine, and the steamer should have arrived here on Thursday night, as the run is only 170 miles.

### ETRURIA DISABLED.

Cunard Liner Sighted In Tow In Mid-Ocean.

New York, March 4.—The agents of the Cunard Line Steamship company here have received a despatch from London saying that the Etruria, in tow of the steamer William Cliff, had been sighted four hundred miles west of Fayal Azores islands, having lost

her propeller. The Etruria left New York, Feb. 22, and should have reached Queenstown early on Saturday morning. No news of the steamer had been received since she was in communication by wireless telegraphy Feb. 26 with the steamer Umbria of the same line, which arrived at New York March 2. Another report says the Etruria was picked up when five hundred miles from Fayal, west north-west of that port. All were well on board the Cunarder, which, according to the report, had her propeller shaft broken. She was otherwise uninjured.

### DEAD FROM EXPOSURE.

Hiram I. Tuxbury, Civil War Veteran, The Unfortunate.

Haverhill, March 4.—The body of Hiram I. Tuxbury of Newton, N. H., was found this morning in the rear of the schoolhouse at the North Parish. Life had probably been extinct for at least three days. Dr. Wallace of Plaistow was summoned and gave heart trouble and exposure as the probable cause of death. There were no marks on the body, and fears of suicide or foul play are scouted. The deceased is about sixty-five years of age, and, when found, was fully dressed. On his person were found a half-pint bottle of whiskey, \$6.68 in money, several old coins and a number of letters by which he was identified. The body was found by Charles Sargent, who lives near Denoer's brick yard in Plaistow, as he was crossing J. C. Merrill's pasture. He saw the dead body and hastened to N. A. Wentworth's. In company with the latter, he returned to the spot where the body lay. It was at first thought to be the body of Pliny Mooers, Sr., who has been living at Moses B. Dow's in Plaistow during the past year. The members of the Mooer family were summoned and they also were satisfied that it was Mr. Mooer. Inquiry at Mr. Dow's revealed the fact that that gentleman was at work cutting wood, however. J. H. Noyes of Plaistow arrived soon after and made an examination. It was then that letters addressed to Hiram Tuxbury, Newton, N. H., were found. Mr. Noyes ordered the remains taken to Plaistow for further identification. Mr. Tuxbury was a veteran of the civil war and was a pensioner. A number of pension papers were also found on his body. He left his home in Newton three weeks ago, and, while friends have seen him in this city, he had not notified his wife of his whereabouts. She believed he was visiting friends in this city.

### GENERAL DEWET SHOT.

While Trying To Break Through Blockhouse Line.

London, March 4.—A despatch from Harrismith, Orange River colony, says that Boer prisoners report that General DeWet was shot in the arm, during the recent attempt to break through the blockhouse line, held by the New Zealanders in the vicinity of Harrismith and Van Reenen.

### TWO EXETER BRIDGES IN DANGER.

Exeter, N. H., March 3.—The main road to Kensington, which had been closed to travel for three days, is again open, but the Powder Mill goes is still impassable. When the ice goes out two bridges in Gilman park may go with it.

### YOUNGEST BRIDE ON RECORD.

Chicago, March 4.—According to a special to the Tribune from Nashville, Tenn., the youngest bride in the country is Mrs. James Irwin, aged ten years, of Centerville, Hickman county. She has just been married. Her husband is between forty-five and fifty years of age.

### FIFTEEN HUNDRED OUT OF WORK.

Manchester, March 4.—Fifteen hundred of the operatives employed in the mills of this city have been thrown out of employment by the high water in the Merrimack.

### TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box. Price 25 cents.

### THE STARVATION PLAN

Of Treating Dyspepsia and Stomach Troubles is Useless and Unscientific.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for dyspepsia has been proven time and again, but even now a course of dieting is generally the first thing recommended for a case of indigestion. Many people with weak digestion, as well as some physicians, consider the first step to take in attempting to cure indigestion is to restrict the diet, either



by selecting certain foods and rejecting others or to cut down the amount of food eaten to barely enough to keep body and soul together, in other words the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting to a man already suffering from starvation because indigestion itself starves every organ, nerve and fibre in the body.

What people with poor digestion most need is abundant nutrition, plenty of good, wholesome, properly cooked food, and something to assist the weak stomach to digest it.

This is exactly the purpose for which Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are adapted and the true reason why they cure the worst cases of stomach trouble.

Eat a sufficient amount of whole, some food and after each meal take one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets to promptly digest it.

In this way the system is nourished and the overworked stomach rested, because the tablets will digest the food whether the stomach works or not, one grain of active digestive principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets being sufficient to digest 3,000 grains of meat, eggs or other albuminous food.

Dr. Halandson and Dr. Redwell recommend these tablets in all cases of defective digestion because the peptic and diastase in them are absolutely free from animal matter and other impurities, and being pleasant to the taste are as safe and harmless for the child as for the adult.

All drug stores sell this excellent preparation, and the daily use of them after meals will be of great benefit, not only as an immediate relief but to permanently build up and invigorate the digestive organs.

### SIX LIVES LOST.

Bridge Carried Away Over the Passaic Near Patterson.

Patterson, N. J., March 3.—Six lives were lost in the flood at Passaic, and the property losses there and in this city will aggregate \$2,500,000.

The old Outwater bridge connecting Passaic with Outwater's lane went out last night, carrying with it six men whose identity is unknown. The men were standing on the bridge watching the flood when the structure parted in the middle and went downstream in fragments.

The river has subsided some, and it is hoped the worst is over.

The Passaic print works and other mills are heavy losers. Business in Passaic is at a standstill, the newspapers have been compelled to shut down, many stores are closed, and very few of the schools were open today.

### BOARDERS COMPELLED TO VACATE.

Kennebunk, Me., March 3.—There is a bad washout at Whichers mills and one pier of the highway bridge has gone down the Mousam river. The boarding house of Mrs. Otis Whicher was surrounded with water and the occupants were obliged to vacate.

### MEDICAL SOCIETY MEETS.

The Portsmouth Medical society met with Dr. Berry on State street, Tuesday evening, and were handsomely entertained. Prof. Cushing of Boston read an interesting paper.

### OUR FOREIGN TOUR.

By Walter J. Ballard.

American Smith Premier typewriters to the number of 1,200, have been ordered for the courts of the Austrian empire after three months' competitive test against several makes of other nations.

While foreign commerce is an anchor to windward in times of financial stress and stress, is equally good as a motive power during fair sailing weather.

Petroleum shipments from the port of Philadelphia since January 1 were more than 135,000,000 gallons, against 29,000,000 gallons for the same period last year.

The Great Britain Railway Development Corporation of New Jersey and New York is our latest ancient electric traction in Great Britain.

Portland, Ore., exported 2,109,347 bushels of grain in January the largest month's export from that port on record.

There is just \$1,185,000,000 in our favor, on a comparison of our imports and exports for 1901, with those of Great Britain. Her purchases exceeded sales by \$900,000,000, while our sales exceeded our purchases by \$585,000,000.

We are feeling pretty bad because our exports (leaving out the \$30,000,000 sent to Porto Rico and Hawaii) fell off \$12,000,000 in 1901, but the feeling is somewhat offset by the knowledge that Great Britain's exports fell off \$60,000,000. Misery loves company.

The Anglo-Japanese alliance as matters in the far east, with the United States in full sympathy as the apostle of the "open door," effectively saves the way for a rapid extension of American commerce in the east.

The following figures in round millions, tell the story of our increased exports in 1901 over 1891:

	1891.	1901.	Gain
Great Britain.....	482	598	116
Germany.....	90	184	94
Canada.....	11	107	96
Netherlands.....	31	85	54
Mexico.....	15	36	21
Italy.....	14	34	20
Australasia.....	13	30	17
Cuba.....	14	27	13
British Africa.....	3	24	21
Denmark.....	5	18	13
China.....	8	18	10
Argentina.....	2	11	9

The largest proportionate gain is with British Africa, owing to the war, but with Germany and several others our sales in 1901 were more than double those of 1891. Our average monthly exports for 1901, in round millions, were 119, against Great Britain 113, Germany 50, France 66, Netherlands (1900) 56, Austria-Hungary 22, European Russia 30, British India 30, Belgium 28, Italy 22. Our continuous lead seems assured.

"It is something for Germany, however, to look back over the last twelve months of depression and discouragement, and reflect that while her im-

ports have declined by \$18,053,954, her exports have increased by even so small a sum as \$1,524,866. Surely, here is an object lesson to enforce the wisdom of building up in years of abounding prosperity a foreign trade which shall remain as a life preserver during the succeeding period of reaction and languid demand in home markets."—Consul General Frank H. Mason of Berlin.

For the twelve months ended January 31 our exports were \$1,457,000,000 against imports of \$890,000,000. Thus our foreign tour in 1901 gained us \$567,000,000.

For the last six republican years our exports exceeded our imports by three thousand and forty-one millions of gold dollars.

"The continued excess of British imports over exports is very great. Our indebtedness to the United States is growing heavier and heavier every year. Our former investments in the United States are not now open to us."—London Statist.

"In January, 1895, our merchandise exports turned in \$81,229,964. Succeeding Januaries have brought these totals in succession up to and including that for 1901, stated in round figures, \$87,000,000, \$94,000,000, \$108,000,000, \$115,000,000, \$117,000,000 and \$126,000,000. There has, therefore, with nearly \$129,000,000 for the last month, been a corresponding gain over every preceding corresponding period in recent years, and, in fact, excepting January, 1901, the record for this year stands ahead at every other, the gain in the seven years being \$17,500,000, or no less than fifty-eight per cent. It is the rate of progress which led up to the 1900-01 record. Beginning with the seven total of \$502,000,000, followed by \$525,000,000, \$655,000,000, \$718,000,000, \$749,000,000, \$800,000,000, \$902,000,000, so that for the longer period the late record is the largest with only the one exception, while it goes \$370,000,000, or seventy-three per cent ahead of that for seven years ago.

This looks like something to boast of instead of something to apologize for or take fright at."—New York Times.

Our foreign tour is proving so successful that we shall continue it indefinitely.

Schenectady, N. Y., Feb. 22.

### A POWERFUL FLEET.

North Atlantic Squadron Sails for Colon, Colombia.

Washington, March 4.—The North Atlantic squadron, comprising the battleships Kearsarge, Alabama, Massachusetts and Indiana, sailed from Cienfuegos for Colon, Colombia. It is the most powerful fleet ever assembled in those waters. It is believed that it will have a quieting effect and prevent damage to American property interests in that troubled state.

Subscribe for the Herald.

FOR  
**Bilious and Nervous Disorders**  
**Sick Headache and Constipation,**  
TAKE

**BEECHAM'S PILLS.**

They cure Giddiness, Fullness and Swelling after meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blisters on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, etc. The First Dose will give relief in twenty minutes. This is no fiction. For a Weak Stomach, Disordered Liver and Impaired Digestion they act like "Magic." Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try a Box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be WITHOUT A RIVAL. BEECHAM'S PILLS taken as directed, will quickly restore females to complete health. They promptly remove any obstruction or irregularity of the system.

U. S. A. Depot, 365 Canal St., New York. In boxes, 10c. and 25c.

**DOG BREAD,**  
**DOG COLLARS,**  
**PUPPY BREAD**  
**AND CAT FOOD.**

**A. P. WENDELL & CO.**  
**2 MARKET SQUARE.**



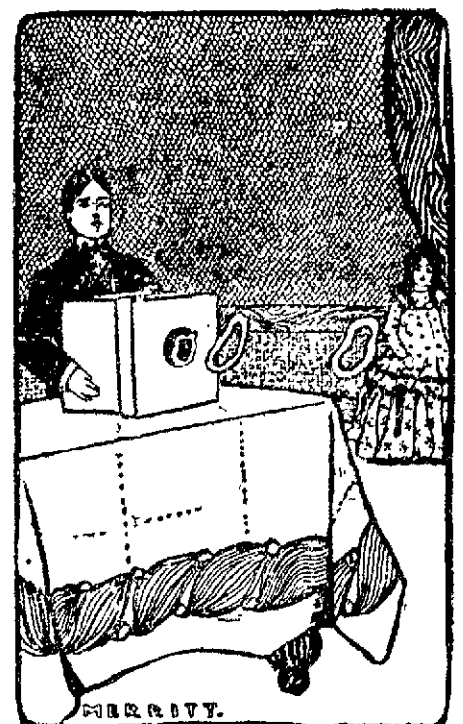
# FOR LITTLE FOLKS

## GHOST RINGS.

**A Simple Trick That Is Effective and Easily Performed.**

Here is a trick that is a very effective one to use at a party, and, although it appears very strange to the spectators when well performed, still it is most simple: Take a pasteboard hatbox and cut a circular hole four or five inches in diameter in the center of the cover. Get two pads of blotting paper, each composed of six or eight pieces. Place the box on a table facing the company and tell them that you are about to make some ghosts for them—one for each.

Take the pad of blotting paper into another room and then pour on one a



TAKE THE BOX SHARPLY ON BOTH SIDES.

small quantity of muriatic acid and on the other a similar quantity of aqua ammonia, both of which you can get very cheaply at any drugstore. Be very careful to keep the two pads from touching each other. Carry them into the room and put them in the box one on top of the other, clapping on the cover of the box at once. The box will immediately become filled with a thick white cloud.

Now turn the box over so that the hole in the cover is pointed directly at one of the party. Tap the box sharply on both sides at the same time with your hands, and a ghostly white ring will come out of the hole and float directly at the person in front of it. By shifting the position of the box and aiming the hole at different ones you can send one of these rings at each person in the room. They will be greatly surprised and will dodge and try to get out of the way, as a general rule.

By removing the supply of chemicals on the pads of blotting paper you can afterward amuse the company by taking turns at projecting these rings at a doorknob or some other prominent object, bringing several of them upon it before they melt away and disappear. If two of the rings should look together in the air, they would bend and straighten out again without losing their form, just as an elastic band of more solid material. — New York Herald.

## Travels of an Iceberg.

From the regions around the north and south poles there are perpetually starting on journeys, which may be long or short according to the currents of the ocean, a great number of icebergs. Many of these icebergs are of large size and wander far before they are at last melted by the heat of the tropical seas into which they have been carried. Berge setting out from Batha bag, up Greenland way, have traveled as far as the Azores before vanishing forever—that is to say, some 2,500 miles or even more. Sometimes they are a source of serious danger to the greyhounds of the Atlantic and other vessels which cross the track of many of these wanderers. It is no joke to run into a berg at dead of night, and close watch has constantly to be kept at certain seasons. Berge setting out from the south pole have occasionally traveled close to the cape of Good Hope and supporting a journey almost as long as that undertaken by some of their northern relatives.

## What's Your Name?

When a boy, the great French man, then Alphonse Daudet was very vain, but he was allowed to attend, without paying any fees, a school in which the majority of the pupils were the sons of rich men. His appearance at the school, dressed in a blouse, which only the very poor wore, was the occasion of many taunts and jeers from his schoolfellows, and even the master never called him by his name, but addressed him as "What's your name?" But the boy never heeded the ill will or the sneers. He determined that he would make something of himself, saying, "If I am to take any position in this school, I must work twice as hard as the others." By steady persistence and courageous determination he did succeed, and when his name had become famous he wrote a story in memory of those days of hardship and poverty and called it "Little What's-Your-Name."

## The Thread on the Cocoon.

The thread on the cocoon of the silkworm is a hard wound around and round, as might be supposed, but actually here and there the worm moved his head to and fro within his self-made house. Many kinds of thread may be spun by the silkworm from the cocoon without turning it over at all.

# BY ONE MAJORITY

## The House Adopts Conference Report on the Philippine Bill

Washington, March 5.—When the house met yesterday the pending question was on the adoption of the conference report on the Philippine bill. On a rising division the votes stood, ayes, 66; noes, 65. Messrs. McCall of Massachusetts, Houtwile of Minnesota, and Littlefield of Maine, Republicans, voted with the Democrats against the adoption of the report. Mr. Payne, the majority leader, then demanded the ayes and noes, and the roll was called. The bill now goes to the president.

The house spent the remainder of the day in discussing the bill to classify the rural free delivery service and place the carriers under the contract system. No vote was reached and it is doubtful whether one will be had today, as the list of speakers is still large. The fate of the bill is in doubt, although the impression prevailing is that it will be defeated.

The ship subsidy bill was further discussed in the senate yesterday by Mr. Frye. He gave further expression of his views that the subsidy bill was a logical response to the demands and principles of the Republican party. He declared that in its preparation he had obtained the objections entertained by senators friendly to the measure. As no other senator desired to speak yesterday, the bill was laid aside and a number of other bills were passed.

## Scandal Disclosed Check Frauds

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 5.—Ex-City Attorney L. K. Salisbury and S. V. MacLeod pleaded guilty yesterday to the charge of having violated the United States banking law. It was alleged that they ordered something more than \$10,000 from the Old National bank upon fraudulent checks. The money was afterward paid back. MacLeod was formerly teller of the bank, and manager of the local clearing house. The discovery of the crime was an outcome of the municipal water supply scandal.

## To Protect American Interests

Washington, March 5.—The navy department is informed of the departure of Rear Admiral Higginson aboard his flagship, the Kearsarge, accompanied by the battleships Alabama, Massachusetts and Indiana, from "San Diego," Calif., for Colon. This move is not an outcome of the fresh revolutionary outbreak in Colombia.

## Missing Treasurer Located

Alpena, Mich., March 5.—F. W. Haden, the missing city treasurer, has been located in Mexico, 70 miles from the Texas frontier. His alleged shortage amounts to \$3,900. A warrant has been issued for his arrest and suit has been brought against the company which was on his bond.

## Schwab Still at the Head

New York, March 5.—The directors of the United States Steel corporation met yesterday and re-elected President Schwab and all the other officers whose terms expired. Otherwise only routine business was transacted.

## Rise in Price of Yarn

Charlotte, N. C., March 5.—Yarn men from a southern state, representing 225,000 spindles, met here yesterday and decided to advance prices 1 cent on all numbers of yarns. They say that the present conditions of the market justify this action.

## Mother and Son Perished

Dumville, Ont., March 5.—Mrs. George Brook and her young son were drowned in a creek at Godwin yesterday. The boy had fallen into the water and his mother endeavored to rescue him.

## Robbers Took All in Sight

Oxford, N. J., March 5.—Robbers looted the postoffice here of \$1500 in stamps and \$1000 in cash last night. They were forced open and the combination was broken off. Everything of value was taken.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

The will of the late John B. Sherman, founder of the United Stock yards, Chicago, dispenses of personal property valued at \$2,000,000. There are no public bequests.  
Firemen of Attleboro, Mass., elected a bad fire in a dangerous locality. It started in the cellar of the Boston branch grocery and the flames were playing about an oil tank containing 500 gallons of kerosene when the firemen arrived. Loss about \$3500.  
The Indianapolis fire inspection bureau has issued an order for an advance of 25 cents every \$1000 in fire insurance rates in certain portions of the city. It is estimated that 750,000,000 of insurance is affected.  
Mrs. Jefferson Davis, who has been ill at New Orleans, is much improved.  
A resolution urging the establishing of a political and business alliance between the east and south was adopted by the Mississippi house of representatives.  
Delegates from eight of the leading automobile organizations of the country met at Chicago and completed the formation of a national body to be called the American Automobile association.  
Rev. A. Mandelari, S. J., professor of logic, pay at Gonzaga college, Washington, and who has held similar chairs in other places, died of pneumonia. He was 60 years old.  
Half a block of buildings in the heart of Marshalltown, Ia., were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$75,000. Several guests and employees of the Tremont hotel were injured.  
The secret of war has been revealed in a cable message from Japan to the Philippines, claiming that the recently won victory over Japan for the benefit of his health, saying that he is still ill and will not be able to return to Manila for the present.

# OVER 250,000 SLAVES

## On the Southern Islands of the Philippines

## ADVANTAGES OF LIBERTY

**Not Understood by Them, and They Would Probably Turn Guns Against Us If Attempts Were Made to Free Them—Whipping Is Not Unknown**

Washington, March 5.—The extent of slavery in the Philippines was discussed by Governor Taft before the house insular committee yesterday in response to questions by members. He said slavery was confined to the southern Moro islands. The investigation made by Governor Taft and his associates had brought out that the slaves included men, women and children who were slaves for debt, according to the statements made by the natives. The slaves could buy their liberty, but until this was done the condition ran from generation to generation. The slaves were members of the family and the relation was comparatively mild. If it was possible to consider any form of slavery as mild.

Governor Taft said Dato Mundi had already abolished slavery by decree. How effective this was could not be stated. "It indicates," said Governor Taft, "how willing they are to consider our desires and the possibilities of eradicating the system."

The civil authorities had never recognized slavery in any way, he said, and the military had always released slaves. But the slaves did not understand the advantage of liberty, and Governor Taft said that if we attempted to end slavery by force, we would probably find the slaves turning their guns against us. The influence of the United States was, however, growing stronger and stronger for the eradication of slavery. Although our wishes had been made known, neither the civil or military authorities had said slavery must cease or war would be made.

Representative Patterson asked the number of slaves. Governor Taft replied that he and his assistants had sought to learn the number, with the idea that the nation might buy them and convert them to freedom, but when the natives learned this they all represented themselves to be slaves. The governor estimated that about one-fourth of the southern population are slaves, or from 250,000 to 300,000. In a population of 1,500,000, 1,500,000. When asked how many slaves there were, Governor Taft answered that suits and dates were as numerous as barns. In Germany or Justice of the peace in the United States.

In reply to a question by Mr. Patterson, Governor Taft said that the slaves were punished by their masters and whipping was not unknown to them, although there was little severity. The slaves were subject to sale, but he did not know of any separation of mothers from their children.

Chairman Cooper asked whether American women should go to the Philippines, to which Governor Taft said that they would be helpful as teachers, but he did not encourage the idea that they go in large numbers.

Being asked what annual charge on the United States would be made for the maintenance of the Philippines, Governor Taft answered that there was no reason why the United States should be called upon to pay anything toward the expenses of the insular government except for military operations. There are now \$5,000,000 in gold on hand and \$2,000,000 of debt in sight. The outlook was good for a considerable income from customs, etc. He looked for a large increase of American trade in canned goods, cotton and machinery.

## To Bring Ecuadorians to Time

Washington, March 5.—The navy department is informed of the departure of the cruiser Philadelphia yesterday from Panama for Guayaquil, Ecuador, where she will show the United States flag for the first time in several years. This event resident Americans have recommended as likely to have a beneficial effect upon their status in Ecuador.

## An Over-Sensitive Attorney

Casper, Wyo., March 5.—County Attorney Battler has sued 175 citizens of this city for amounts which aggregate \$100,000 for damage to personal reputation, which, he alleges, was caused by a petition circulated and signed by the citizens, asking that he employ an assistant in a murder trial.

## Signs of a Wreck

Hallfax, March 5.—A dispatch from lower Whitehead says that people there heard a steamer's bell ringing on Sunday morning at 1 o'clock. Part of a ship's boat with the name "Montreal" on it was picked up yesterday. Part of a gunwale of a boat also drifted ashore.

## Boers to See Hay

Washington, March 5.—Messrs. Westcott and Wolmarans, accompanied by Montague White, have arranged for a reception by Secretary Hay. This reception will be purely unofficial. The Boer delegates are reserved when questioned as to their mission.

## Wind Eighty Miles an Hour

Austin, March 5.—Texas was wind swept yesterday from the Panhandle to the Gulf. At times the wind attained a speed of 80 miles an hour. Several trains were very late. In many places the winds piled sand high on the tracks.

# VALUE OF X-RAY

## Demonstrated in Case of a Child Who Had Swallowed a Safety Pin

Fall River, Mass., March 5.—Sadie F. Williams, the 3½-year-old daughter of George E. Williams, is recovering from a surgical operation the attendant circumstances of which are so unusual as to excite comment in this section of the state. Some weeks ago the child sucked a safety pin into her throat, it lodging just under the vocal cord. It remained in that position about a week and local surgeons were unable to devise any means of extracting it.

Finally the X-Ray machine was taken into the case and the pin was located in the trachea. By nausea and the use of a probe an attempt was made to get the pin, but it was dislodged and fell into the branch of the bronchial tube, where it remained three weeks. Another surgeon applied the X-Ray and located the pin in the bronchial tube, at the lower end of the third rib.

Several surgeons were called into the case and, using the X-Ray photograph as a basis for their operations, a cut was made into the windpipe at its lowest extremity. After five attempts the pin was drawn out with forceps. At the time the pin was taken out it had lodged point up, and in its removal it was completely straightened out. The operation lasted for 25 minutes and the child is rapidly recovering.

## Rutland's First Democratic Mayor

Rutland, Vt., March 5.—David W. Temple, Democrat, was chosen mayor yesterday by a margin of 10 votes over Mayor Hollister. The remarkable incident is that Rutland never before chose a Democrat mayor.

Mayor Melcher, running on the Citizens' ticket, defeated John Anderson, the Socialist nominee, at Barr, by a vote of 736 to 246.

James M. Boutwell, the Citizens' candidate, was elected mayor of Montpelier.

At Burlington the Republicans re-elected Mayor Hawley, who received a majority of 422 votes over the Democratic candidate.

## Mrs. Munsey to Be Extradited

Concord, N. H., March 5.—After a protracted and hard fought hearing Governor Jordan yesterday granted the request of Massachusetts authorities for the extradition of Mrs. Martha S. Munsey of Pittsfield, who is wanted in Cambridge, Mass., for the alleged forgery of the will or wills of her uncle, Samuel Welch. She is now in jail in this city. It is understood that Mrs. Munsey's removal from this state will be further resisted by her counsel through habeas corpus proceedings.

## Railroad Wreck in Vermont

Cambridge, Vt., March 5.—A rail train on the Central Vermont railroad was wrecked near here last evening. One passenger coach and a combination mail and express car went down a 15-foot embankment. An 8-year-old child received injuries which will cause its death. Several other passengers were injured, but not seriously. The train was running slowly, which undoubtedly saved a considerable loss of life.

## Not Much Left to Save

Salem, Mass., March 5.—The ocean tug Honey Brook, owned by the Central railroad of New Jersey, now ashore in Salem harbor, will probably be abandoned. The tug's back is broken, there is a big hole in its bottom and the plates are ripped from the starboard side. The vessel, which was valued at \$70,000, has been stripped of everything possible to remove.

## Ayer Company Bars Cigarettes

Lowell, Mass., March 5.—The following notice has been posted at the works of the J. C. Ayer Company: "Believing that the smoking of cigarettes is injurious to both mind and body, thereby unfitting young men for their best work; therefore, after this date we will not employ any young man under 21 years of age who smokes cigarettes."

## Requests of Railway Employees

Providence, March 5.—The street railway employees of Providence, Pawtucket and those employed on the lines converging in this city have asked a reduction of the hours of labor from 12 to 10 daily, and a schedule of wages slightly higher than that now in force. The directors of the railroad company will return an answer within a week.

## Think Six Percent Enough

Fall River, Mass., March 5.—It is not now expected that any formal meeting of the signers of the agreement to advance wages 6 percent in the local mills will be held. The signers have expressed themselves as favoring power to a committee to make the best terms possible, but in no event to advance wages more than 6 percent.

## Four Thousand May Be Idle

Quincy, Mass., March 5.—The strike of the quartermen compelled two firms to shut down last night and its effect is quite generally felt in the industry. It looks now as if the granite cutters, polishers and tool sharpeners will be handicapped in their work and this will tend to 1000 men being laid off until there is work for them.

## Leniency Shown Wakefield

Cambridge, Mass., March 5.—William C. Wakefield, convicted of the charge of larceny and perjury, was yesterday sentenced to the reformatory at Concord. Judge Bond said that the circumstances in this case were such that he felt that the young man was not the principal offender.

## Assignment of Woolen Company

Providence, March 5.—The Greenville Woolen company, a 10-loom plant engaged in the manufacture of woolen and worsted goods, has made an assignment. No statement of assets or liabilities has been made.

# WELCOMED BY 200,000

## All Milwaukee Turned Out to See Prince Henry

## MANY FROM FATHERLAND

**Participated in the Public Reception—Interesting Night Run by Fire Department—Banquet and Electrical Display Wound Up the Day**

Milwaukee, March 5.—Milwaukee was host to Prince Henry for six hours last evening. It gave him a reception that was highly enthusiastic and entertainment that was unique. His special train arrived at 4 o'clock and at 10 o'clock it was away again on the long run to Niagara and New England. The intervening time was all given over to the pleasure of the royal visitor.

It began with a drive through business and residential districts before a crowd which numbered 200,000. Then there was a public reception at which Governor La Follette and Mayor Rose voiced the official welcome, and the United Singing societies sang in chorus. There was also a splendid illumination and a night run by the Milwaukee fire department. Later there was a banquet at which the prince met the leading citizens of the city and the state.

Just outside of the depot 1000 veterans of the German wars were drawn up when Prince Henry arrived. They had come here from different points in the state and they gave the prince a volley of cheers as he passed them. The business streets were blockaded with people and the police had to fight to keep a driveway clear.

Prince Henry was given the honor of riding in the first carriage to cross the new Grand Avenue-Wisconsin street bridge and, as this point was reached, Battery A fired a salute of 21 guns.

The reception of the prince as he drove through the streets was wildly enthusiastic and there was an ovation when he entered the exposition building for the public reception. As he appeared on the stage, escorted by his staff and the reception committee, the chorus of 600 voices sang "Des Deutschen Lied." There were 10,000 persons packed in the exposition building. Chairman Johnson briefly introduced Mayor Rose, who formally welcomed the prince. The mayor gave way to P. V. Derstler, who spoke on behalf of the German residents and in their tongue, Governor La Follette then welcomed the prince to Milwaukee on behalf of the state. Captain Court, who also spoke in German, was the last speaker. The great chorus sang again and the prince left the hall amid cheers.

The fire run followed the public reception, and it made a spectacle that was both novel and exciting. Thirty-two pieces of apparatus were raced for a mile at high speed. They ran two abreast and 200 feet apart. Darkness had come and the engine lights made the picture all the more inspiring.

The prince was then driven through illuminated streets to the Hotel Pfister, where the banquet was served. The illumination was very pretty, being made by hundreds of strings of electric lights. Hundreds of buildings were outlined in light and high upon the tower of the city hall in incandescent lights were the words: "Welcome to H. R. H. Prince Henry."

Especially pretty was the lighting of the Court of Honor on Grand avenue. When the prince was driven through the court the chimes in the tower of St. James Episcopal church played the national airs of the United States and Germany and Luther's hymn. Crowds thronged the streets during the evening with the hotel Pfister as the common objective.

## \$10,000 Gift For Prince

Boston, March 5.—Prince Henry will be presented a Masonic emblem during the banquet at the Hotel Somerset in this city. The donor is Mrs. P. C. Goodwin, who wishes as a "typical American woman" to present the gift as an expression of American goodwill to Germany. The emblem is in the form of a square and compass. It was made in California. The gold alone and the diamonds with which it is studded are said to be valued at \$10,000. The gold for the emblem came from a nugget found by Mrs. Goodwin's husband while a "forty-niner."

Mr. Goodwin was for 33 years a Mason and for 15 years grand treasurer of Connecticut. Mrs. Goodwin has made the fraternity many valuable gifts from time to time.

## Offer of \$80,000,000 For Canal

Colon, March 5.—According to advices received here from Paris, an Anglo-French syndicate has offered to pay \$80,000,000 (twice the American offer) for the Panama canal. Though it is the purpose of this syndicate to complete the canal with English money principally, the enterprise will remain French.

## Twenty Lives Lost With Tiber

Hullfax, March 5.—Steamer Tiber, Captain Routledge, which sailed from Louisburg Wednesday for Hullfax, with coal, is lost with all on board. She carried 20 men. At Canoe, Port Felix and Goldboro a wreckage has been found which establishes beyond reasonable doubt the loss of the Tiber.

## King Edward Changes His Mind

London, March 5.—It is reported that the prince of Wales of King Edward to Ireland has been abandoned on account of it is understood, the aggressive action of the United Irish league.

# SAVING FUTURE RIGHTS

## Leishman Has Not Demanded Action in the Case of Miss Stone

Washington, March 5.—It is learned at the state department that the attitude of Mr. Leishman, the United States minister to Turkey, may be misunderstood owing to the brevity of the cable report that he has preferred a demand upon Turkey in the case of Miss Stone. The understanding is that any action in that line that Mr. Leishman may have taken is rather in the line of saving all future rights than the submission of an unqualified demand for the punishment of the brigands and the repayment of the indemnity given to the brigands. The same sort of a caveat either has or will be filed with the Bulgarian government.

The legal effect of this action is simply to save all rights against either of these governments or against both of them, pending the conclusion of the exhaustive inquiry which the state department is making through its minister and other agents into Miss Stone's case. When that inquiry is concluded it is expected that the department will be in a position to squarely place the responsibility for the kidnapping, and when that has been done no time will be lost in pressing the claim both for the punishment of the perpetrators of the outrage and for the repayment of the ransom.

Meanwhile, acting under instructions of the state department, Mr. Leishman will prefer no specific claim against either Turkey or Bulgaria.

## Missionaries Killed by Chinese

Victoria, B. C., March 5.—Reports of two massacres of missionaries in China were received by the steamer Empress of India, which arrived from the Orient yesterday. Fathers Van Michalchic and Rouget were murdered in Ksin by a band of Chinese, including soldiers, who attacked their mission. The first mission priest was killed instantly by a sword thrust, but the latter lingered for five days suffering from terrible wounds. It is said that the attack was made in revenge for the deposition of the son of Prince Tuan by the empress dowager at the request of the foreign ministers.

## Lively Times at Norfolk

Norfolk, March 5.—A mob of 5000 strike sympathizers thronged the streets here yesterday on which runs the main line of the Norfolk Railway and Light company and from noon until after dark the mob had things its own way. Cars were repeatedly derailed, wagon loads of stones were piled on the tracks and free fights occurred at frequent intervals. Several soldiers were hit by bricks and other missiles. The police force of 100 is unable to meet the emergency. No settlement of the strike is in sight.

## Sister Suspects Foul Play

Boston, March 5.—The body of William Garrity was found in the water at Cambridge yesterday, and his sister, with whom he boarded in this city, believes he was the victim of foul play. She says Garrity had quite a sum of money with him when he went to attend the wedding of a shopmate, but when the body was taken from the water no money was found upon his person, although an empty pay envelope was in his pocket.

## The Bicycle Industry

Washington, March 5.—The census bureau issued a preliminary report today on bicycles and tricycles, exclusive of repair shops, which shows that the products of the industry increased almost \$30,000,000 between 1890 and 1899. The report makes the following showing for 1890 as compared with 1890: Number of establishments, 212; increase, 287; capital, \$29,783,459; increase, \$27,725,587.

## Love's Young Dream

New York, March 5.—Lemuel Meekling of Fairview, N. J., who is about to enlist in the army with a view to going to the Philippines, and Miss Laura Morgensen, appeared before a justice of the peace in Hoboken yesterday and signed affidavits agreeing to marry at the end of Meekling's period of enlistment. The agreement on each side is extremely blinding.

## Paterson in Sorry Flight

Paterson, N. J., March 5.—The health authorities have forbidden any one to move back into the flooded district. The authorities desire that the buildings shall be wholly cleaned and dried out before they are used again. Four hundred persons are still sheltered in the armory. Donations of clothing for women are badly needed. Sickness is feared.

## Lighthouses Knocked Out

Catskill, N. Y., March 5.—A large iceberg which had formed in the Hudson river gave way yesterday, sweeping down the stream, demolished the Kinderhook lighthouse and partially wrecked the large Cossack lighthouse. Both of these houses were of solid masonry and the largest on the river.

## No Sunday Games, Says Mayor

Indianapolis, March 5.—Mayor Bookwalter says that he will not permit Sunday baseball here, because it will be in violation of the state law. This will disarrange the American association schedule and Manager Walkins says that it is Sunday ball or no ball at all.

## Emotion Wasted

"It was terrible even to see the yllain die," said the emotional girl at the melodrama.  
"Oh, well," consoled the old lady, "the world have died anyway. Did you notice how many cigarettes he smoked?" — Exchange.

The plans they have in the mint are nearly all money making schemes.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

# THE EMPEROR PLEASSED

## With Prince Henry's Reception in America

## GERMAN EDITORS HOPEFUL

**That Press Relations With Government Will Reach Status Enjoyed by Americans—Comment on Probable Results of Prince's Visit**

Berlin, March 5.—The correspondent of The Associated Press has been officially informed of Emperor William's satisfaction over the reception accorded to Prince Henry. The informant of the correspondent had seen all Emperor William's marginal notes on the reports of Prince Henry's trip. He said:

"His majesty is in the highest degree pleased with Prince Henry's reception from his arrival in America until now, and especially with that accorded to him by President Roosevelt and his family. The emperor has also expressed himself as delighted with the enthusiasm of the welcome to his brother."

During an audience with Professor Francke of Harvard university Emperor William expressed himself as heartily satisfied with Prince Henry's reception and said he looked forward with particular interest to the prince's visit to Cambridge. Emperor William sent for Professor Francke as a compliment to Harvard university.

The German newspaper men are immensely impressed with Prince Henry's bearing toward the newspaper men of the United States, and believe that Emperor William's perception of the influence of the press on national opinion in the United States will favorably affect the relations of the crown to the home press. Editor Bachem of the Cologne Volks Zeitung, in an article in which he intimates the previous conclusion, contrasts the social and political positions of editors here and in the United States, where newspaper men are selected to serve as cabinet ministers and ambassadors not because they are better educated or more able, but, Bachem says, because they receive higher salaries.

Herr Bachem is of the opinion that the journey of Prince Henry will not modify the aspirations of the United States which, it is conceived, are first to break into European markets while excluding Europe from its own markets and second, to divide the mastery of the seas with Great Britain. Germany's political relations will certainly be improved as a result of the visit of the prince and mutual good feeling will be increased. But Germany must expect the United States to pursue its own economic aims, and Germany must do likewise.

Herr Lieberman von Sonnenberg, (Radical anti-Semite), who made a violent outburst against Mr. Chamberlain, the British colonial secretary, last January, said in the Reichstag yesterday that the visit of Prince Henry would lead to a friendly rapprochement between the United States and Germany.

The Kronz Zeitung, one of whose favorite topics is American hatred for Germany, says that it believes that the visit of the prince has already initiated the transformation for the better. The paper says: "The visit is calculated permanently to enlighten American public opinion to the fact that neither hostile nor even unfriendly sentiments are manifested or cherished by the German empire against the American republic."

The Kronz Zeitung devotes two columns to advocating the establishment of a direct news service between Germany and the United States, avoiding English channels, where, the paper assumes, intelligence is given a political bias.

## A Son's Unhappy Reception

Mount Pleasant, Pa., March 5.—Three miners employed at the Standard mine were on a cage which was conveying them to the top when one of the three lost his hold. In an endeavor to save himself he pulled down the other two with him and all were instantly killed. Alex Srebe was one of the victims. A son of his came to the Standard last evening from Europe, and arrived about the time of the death of his father.

## Moody For Naval Secretary

Washington, March 5.—Prominent in the list of possible successors to Secretary Long when he shall have retired from the cabinet is the name of William H. Moody, a Republican representative from Massachusetts and a connection of Senator Lodge by marriage. It is said Mr. Moody is 49 years old, a graduate of Harvard, a lawyer by profession and has served three consecutive terms in congress.

## Russia and France Highbobbing

Paris, March 5.—The Figaro says this morning that President Loubet received an autograph letter from the czar yesterday inviting him to visit St. Petersburg. This letter will be submitted to the cabinet. The end of May may be decided upon as the time for the visit, and M. Loubet will stay in Russia four days.



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Champ
Clark's
Letter
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[Special Washington Letter.]
I HAVE no pride of opinion as a prophet, and yet because I love Senator Joseph Weldon Bailey of Texas as a brother I rejoice and am exceedingly glad that a prediction which I have frequently made about him has already been partially verified. It was this: "Within two years from the day he sets foot in the senate Bailey will be universally recognized as the strongest debater in that body." The way he knocked Joseph Benson Foraker, George Frisbie Hoar and other Republican senators out in a running fire debate on the "suspension" of Tillman and McLaughlin by the arbitrary action of President Pro Tem. Frye was one of the most refreshing performances ever witnessed in the house of the conscript fathers. The engagement was short and sharp and ended in a decisive victory for the brave, brainy young Texan. At once gave him front rank in the less numerous branch of the national legislature. The constitution was the theme. As an expounder of constitutional law Bailey has no superior on this continent. His position was absolutely impregnable. It was this: The senate has no right to deprive a senator of his vote; much less has the presiding officer such right by his mere ipse dixit, except by expulsion. On that proposition Bailey brayed his opponents in a mortar, and he it remembered that the men against whom he was pitted are not weaklings, but the crack Republican debaters of the senate. Bailey freely admitted that the senate could inflict any punishment—even to expulsion by a two-thirds vote—but that so long as Tillman and McLaughlin remained senators the state of South Carolina and the country were entitled to their votes. So complete was Bailey's triumph, so thoroughly did he demonstrate the absurdity and danger of permitting the senate to suspend senators by a majority vote, that Senator Frye, president pro tem, who had ordered the names of the belligerent senators stricken from the rolls, hastened to have their names restored to the list, which demonstrates beyond all cavil that Senator Frye's hindsight is superior to his foresight. If the contention of the Republicans is correct, that a majority of the senate can "suspend" a senator for one hour and deprive him of his vote, then a corrupt majority might at some future time "suspend" every minority senator, not for an hour, but for the entire term, thereby depriving states of their senatorial representation. That would be doing by a bare majority what the constitution says can be done only by a two-thirds majority. Indeed, as Senator Bailey so clearly pointed out, "suspension" with deprivation of vote is worse than expulsion, for in case of expulsion the governor may appoint somebody else to the senate, whereas in case of "suspension" with deprivation of vote it leaves the state without senatorial representation. The Republican senators "deposited themselves in a cavity," as Dr. William Everett would say. Prince Henry's Visit. The magnificent reception or, rather, series of receptions tendered to Prince Henry of Prussia by the American people and government must do great good for us in Germany in many ways. It will most assuredly create a friendly feeling between the two great nations. It may not please those Anglophobes who have been trying to get up a row between us and Germany, but Anglophobes don't count. Prince Henry created a most favorable impression upon all who saw him. He is a handsome, well built, modest gentleman and seemed immensely pleased with the reception, as he had a perfect right to be, and will undoubtedly carry back with him to his native land most pleasant recollections of the American people. Not Becoming Effeminate. Those pessimists who lie awake of nights pestered their heads about men growing effeminate under the enervating influences of modern civilization may take heart again since in one week there was a knockdown and dragout fight in the Maryland legislature; also quite a pugilistic set-to in "the most angust boy on earth"—to wit, the senate of the United States. Whatever else the American statesman of today may be he is not effeminate; at least the Maryland and South Carolina statesmen are not. The swatting of McLaughlin by Tillman is the first "laying on of hands" in violence of one senator by another since fiery Joe Blackburn of Kentucky pulled the ear of William Eaton Chandler of New Hampshire, but that was in a committee room and not in the open senate. Senator McLaughlin is old man, and it's a pity that the grave and reverend seigniors do not behave in a way to set a good example to the members of the house, whom they superciliously consider their inferiors. It is now nearly four years since we had a personal encounter in the house, and that was during the stress of the initiation of the Spanish war, when nerves were strung to highest tension.

Senator Bailey
In Debate—Will
Still Fight on Occasion—David B.
Hill's Speech—A
Friend of the Cow

It is regrettable that Messrs. Tillman and McLaughlin let their angry passions rise, for Tillman is a man of dynamic force of character, while McLaughlin is one of the most amiable of mortals. The chances are ten to one that somebody—perhaps several—will be killed before the feud is ended. Neither obeys the injunction contained in the sermon on the mount, "Whosoever shall smite thee on the right cheek, turn to him the other also." About the same time that the aforementioned statesmen at Washington and Annapolis were punning each other ex-Mayor Phelan of San Francisco was giving Minister Wu Fing Tung a taste of pugilistic diplomacy in a small hotel in New York. As proof conclusive that the new American is not growing effeminate in the same week Rev. Ralph D. Schoonmaker of Plainfield, N. J., gave an exhibition of muscular Christianity by so thoroughly walloping a fellow mortal that he recalled the halcyon days of good old Peter Cartwright. Mr. Schoonmaker acted in self defense. Whether we are deteriorating mentally is another question, but we appear to still be ready for a fight. Another Republic in Sight. While in this country, the greatest republic in the world, we are studying ourselves by going back to the doctrines of George III. It is comforting to lovers of liberty to know that the heaven of freedom which we planted in the human heart is still working in Europe. The latest news is that a revolution is brewing in Belgium and that a Belgian republic is among the possibilities of the near future. Justice Gray's Successor. Mr. Justice Gray of Massachusetts, one of the ablest members of the federal supreme court, has been stricken with paralysis. As he is past seventy and has served more than ten years on the supreme bench, he is eligible for retirement on full pay under the law. The probabilities are that, should he survive his present attack, he will hardly resume his duties. Already the news papers are casting about for his successor. Of course it is no part of my business to advise President Roosevelt as to Republican appointees to office, but as a lawyer I feel a deep interest in the personnel of the supreme court. The chances are that Gray's successor will be a New England Republican. That being the case, the most distinguished New England Republican lawyer whose age does not bar him should be appointed. That man is unquestionably Charles E. Littlefield, representative in congress from Maine. He is capable, fearless and in the very flower of his years. David Bennett Hill Redivivus. The Sage of Wolfert's Roost shows signs of political resuscitation. He is beginning to "take notice." Nobody ever accused David Bennett of being a fool. At a "Democratic harmony reception of the Manhattan club" on Washington's birthday the ex-senator and ex-governor made a speech, and, admirable dictu, his theme was the same as Mr. Bryan lectures on semi-civilizationally—to wit, "Ancient Landmarks." This does not prove that these two eminent personages are agreed or that to them may be properly applied the lines— Two souls with but a single thought, Two hearts that beat as one. No doubt the differences betwixt them would furnish ample grounds for a red-hot debate, but the very fact that Mr. Hill took the trouble to journey all the way from his rural retreat near Albany to Gotham in such weather as prevailed on the 22d of February to deliver a speech proves beyond a peradventure that, whatever others may think, David Bennett Hill does not class himself in the long list of political "dead ones." It must be confessed that he spoke with his old time vigor and said some good things. For instance, this paragraph is sound and well stated: We should adhere to the policy involved in Jeffersonian expansion—the reasonable and natural acquirement of territory adjacent to our own, either largely unsettled or peopled with inhabitants emancipated for ultimate citizenship and the enjoyment of all the privileges of our free institutions. The recent mistakes of our opponents in that regard perhaps cannot now be adequately corrected, but manifest duty requires us to resist as the permanent policy of our government the establishment of colonial possessions governed only by the discretion of congress and outside of the pale of the guarantees of the constitution. Wherever the American flag of right floats it should be as the emblem of a free government and the sign of continental liberty. There is no place in the American Union for a permanent system of dependent colonies. That's sound Democracy—precisely what many of us have been preaching for more than three years. Of course we are glad to be re-enforced by the ex-governor and ex-senator. Safe Ground. He was also on perfectly safe and familiar ground when he said: No legislative favors, no excessive taxation for the industrial interests, but equal laws, equal opportunities and equal privileges are what the people demand. From the very nature of things there is no place in the American Union for a tariff designed solely for the benefit of corporate and financial interests, but in reality trained to subvert private interests, to

are always possible under a revenue tariff honestly intended to raise revenue and not to prevent revenue. That is all right, but it is not in the nature of a revelation calculated by its novelty to startle the nations. A Doubtful Proposition. Mr. Hill also says: The Democratic party should again press to the front the issue of revenue reform. The signs of the times indicate the wisdom of such a course. It is not a new issue, but it is an old one which has grown better by age. It is an issue upon which every Democrat in this broad land can stand, without regard to past differences or "previous condition of servitude" to any other issues, good, bad or indifferent. Of course "it is an issue upon which every Democrat can stand." Most assuredly; but query: Is it an issue on which every Democrat in this broad land will stand? Hardly; unless Democrats in certain quarters have experienced a change of heart. Mr. Hill has certainly not forgotten what happened in 1894 in the Fifty-third congress. He can't have forgotten that, for he was a conspicuous actor and factor in the Wilson-Gorman tariff bill. He knows that nothing save an overwhelming Democratic majority in the house enabled us to pass a fairly good tariff for revenue bill over the protests of all the Republicans and a large coterie of recalcitrant Democrats. Seventeen Democratic members of the house voted against it, and that many more wanted to. And Mr. Hill knows furthermore that in the senate a handful of Democrats joined with the Republicans and cut and carved the Wilson bill until its father would not have recognized it had he met it in the big road. That's the plain, unvarnished truth of history, harnessed into the memory of many faithful Democrats by defeat brought upon them by the action of those same Democratic kickers in house and senate. Of course all Democrats in this broad land could stand upon it, but all of them will not. There is not much more unity on the tariff than on finance among Democrats. That's the truth, and Mr. Hill knows it or ought to know it. A New Member. It is rare indeed that any member makes two notable speeches in the house before he has actually served seventy-five days. Yet that is precisely what Hon. T. J. Selby of Illinois has done. Nevertheless, he is one of the most modest and unassuming men in congress, "plain as an old shoe," honest as the day is long, a Jeffersonian Democrat without the shadow of turning. While the urgent deficiency bill was under discussion he delivered a strong, classical speech on the Philippine problem, which attracted favorable attention to Mr. Selby as one of the most promising among the new members. It is already being circulated by senators and representatives. On the oleomargarine bill he delivered himself of the finest piece of humor heard in the house this session. I wish I had room for it all, but I have space for only the following, rich and racy extract: Mr. Chairman—I desire to say a few words on this greasy subject. I am a friend to the cow. I am a friend to the woman that milks the cow. I am a friend to the man who stands by and watches his wife while she milks the cow, for is she not his helpmate? I love to see the woman milking the cow, for she is milking the butter cream. I love to see the man milking the cow, for he is milking the butter cream. I love to see the woman milking the cow, for she is milking the butter cream. I love to see the man milking the cow, for he is milking the butter cream. Memory goes back to the happy times when the cows came home and to the less happy times when I had to make them come home. Any man who has been raised with a cow will never lose his affection for the Virginia cow, and he will never upon her back when adversity strikes her business. The gentleman from Virginia [Mr. Lamb] paid the Virginia cow a beautiful and eloquent tribute, but let me say to him that the Virginia cow cannot be compared with the big fat cows of the Mississippi valley and beyond. I am well aware that Virginia is entitled to the proud distinction of having been the "mother of presidents," but she was not the mother of the cow. The Mississippi valley cow is a marvel of wonder and the pride of every home. She never goes dry. It generally takes an hour to milk her, and if she is not milked on time she will milk herself. She is kind and gentle and has such maternal affection that she often licks the milker instead of her calf. I have the honor, sir, to live in the land of the blooming cow. If I fail to vote for this bill, I shall feel that I cannot go home and ever again look an honest cow in the face. The cows in my country are Democratic cows. They give Democratic milk, which accounts for the everlasting big Democratic majorities in my district. They never "water" their milk nor kick the bucket over in a fashion that causes the milkman to swear. They are honest, innocent cows that have not heard of the tricks of ye cunning dairyman or of the slippery ways of ye old man. They are not yet aware, sir, that there is such a thing as also in any part of their anatomy. Why, sir, even our hogs have not learned that their grays in ards contribute to the greedy work of building up a great anticow butter monopoly. If the peaceful hog knew it, he would grunt in shame. The cow in my country is an American simplicity. She dwelleth amid green pastures and looketh dubiously at the Republican politician as he passeth by on his mission to hoodoo the honest voter. Frolicsome calves gallop about with tails erect, chasing in the fulness of their exuberant freedom that is theirs. The cow is contented and happy out in my district for her benevolent work of giving milk for young Democrats. Little does this patient cow know that the honest product of her teats is being counterfeited so successfully by cunning men that the butter eater knoweth not any more what he eateth when he buttereth his bread. Little does the lazy hog know that a substance called butter contains 31 per cent of his grease glands, and cottonseed grease and palm oil off on mankind for honest butter? Her grief would become so intense that her milk would turn to water.

German Claim in China
Valuable Mining Rights About to Be Conceded.
GIGANTIC MONOPOLY INVOLVED.
Dr. Morrison Says a Large Part of the Shantung Province May Be Closed to the Industrial Enterprise of the United States and Great Britain.
Dr. Morrison, the Peking correspondent of the London Times, says it is announced that the agreement between China and Germany, by which Germany acquires a mining monopoly throughout five zones of the province of Shantung, is on the eve of being concluded, no other government having protested against this violation of the policy of the "open door." The question is pertinently asked, says Dr. Morrison: Cannot Great Britain and the United States realize the inconsistency of their attitude in protesting against the exclusive privileges demanded by Russia in Manchuria, while not denouncing the more insidious but equally injurious exclusive policy of Germany in Shantung? Unless the conclusion of the agreement is prevented, the correspondent goes on to say, a large part of Shantung will practically be closed to the industrial enterprise of Great Britain and America. The agreement also confers on Germany great political advantages. Dr. Morrison says the reason for the menacing attitude of the German consul at Sianfoo and the German minister at Peking, as well as the presence of the German troops at Tientsin and Shanghai and Germany's refusal to reduce their number is that the conclusion of the Shantung agreement may be enforced while the attention of the other governments is diverted to Manchuria. Dr. Morrison suggests that, before it is too late, the powerful and unanswerable note of the United States secretary of state to Russia should also be sent to Germany as a protest against the extortion of secret privileges in Shantung. Germany, it is declared, monopolizes railway construction in Shantung, all the railway material being exclusively purchased in Germany. The Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, on behalf of Great Britain, has already gratuitously given the undertaking that Great Britain will not disturb this monopoly by constructing a railway inland from Wei-haiwei. Germany has all the mineral rights for ten miles on each side of the railway, and all the mining and other machinery is exclusively purchased in Germany. And now, says Dr. Morrison, Germany is acquiring rights which give her virtually the entire mineral wealth of a province larger than England and Wales combined. Great Britain by her silence lends her approval to this monopoly. Because, the correspondent adds, a dispatch from Baron von Ketteler (the German minister to China) who was murdered in Peking on June 20, 1900 of May 15, 1900, demanding these exclusive rights was never answered. Germany intimates that her claim is indisputable, as she cannot withdraw a demand made by her murdered minister. But, says Dr. Morrison, Baron von Ketteler is already avenged by the huge war indemnity, the heavy hand of the German forces in their sphere of occupation and their unresisted raiding of peaceful districts. Dr. Morrison hopes that Great Britain will at least decide that her undertaking not to construct another railway is rendered null by the German violation of the spirit of the British-German agreement. HUMOR IN WASHINGTON. Ex-Speaker Reed on the Tillman-McLaughlin Discipline. Though the skies over the head of Thomas B. Reed may have changed, his peculiar form of humor is immutable, writes a special correspondent of the New York Post at Washington. A lawyer who met him as he was coming out of the supreme court the other day remarked: "Mr. Reed, does it not seem to you that the discipline inflicted on Tillman and McLaughlin for their breaches of propriety was rather light?" "Oh, no," drawled the ex-speaker. "It is the heaviest that could be imposed upon a senator—silence. And, as an old colleague of mine suggests, it is so arranged that if either of those fellows should drop dead the other would be prohibited from rising in his place and telling the senate how dearly he loved the deceased and how deeply he revered his memory. This is certainly heaping torture upon torture. What more could you ask?" Wisconsin Boy's War Fame. Frederick Bauer, a Kenosha (Wis.) boy, has gained fame in the Philippines after serving three years with Uncle Sam's regulars in the islands, says the Chicago Record-Herald. He has been promoted to head trumpeter of Company G, Fifth United States troops, located at Taguigardo, Luzon. Bauer has the distinction of having sounded most of the battle calls since the United States took control of the Philippines. Biggest Coliseum in America. The newly planned St. Paul coliseum will be the largest structure of the kind in the United States, says the Chicago Record-Herald. The new grand conservatory of music to be transferred from Berlin will have quarters in the coliseum. The roof of the coliseum will be a vast pleasure garden and promenade, the whole structure being built by popular subscription.

German Claim in China
Valuable Mining Rights About to Be Conceded.
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MISTOOK AN AID FOR PRINCE
Lieutenant von Schmidt Cheered.
Much to Henry's Amusement.
Many of the people of Alexandria mistook Lieutenant Commander Schmidt von Schmidt for the prince, and their error led to an amusing incident, says a Washington dispatch. There is some general resemblance between the two, and when the crowd surged out the young naval officer and cheered him the prince was delighted. He called Chief Wilkie of the secret service and laughingly gave him this order, "Mr. Wilkie, please tell Mr. Schmidt von Schmidt to be very careful what he does now, for he must remember that I have a reputation to sustain." The lieutenant commander was embarrassed at the attention of the crowd and did not thoroughly appreciate the humor of the prince. He tried to be unconcerned over the clamor of the crowd and would not either bow or salute in answer to the cheers. Old Equine Disease. A new disease of the horse has appeared in the Darling river district, Australia. It makes the horses almost blind for a time, but recovery is usual. Anticipation of Spring. Open wide the windows; The green hills are in sight; Winds are whiffing "violets;" And there's a daisy white; And the great sun says, "Good morning!" and the valleys sing "De-light!" Open wide the windows; Life will not let us rest! A thousand airy messengers From rosy east to west Are come with sweetest singing, with roses for love's breast. No more the white breasted winter With stormy, wild alarms! There's a poet humming "Springtime," Where a sense of music charms. Even the woman in the doorway with the baby in her arms. Take hands and meet the morning On the hills, in valleys deep; The darkness was but dreaming; Where he felt the shadows creep; Grief awakens in the breast of Joy, who sighed himself to sleep. And the green of field and meadow, And the unfolding blue above, The clear call of the robin, Silver thrush and gray winged dove Shall seem to us a recompense for lost, remembered love! Open wide the windows; Sweet smells the rain blest rod; The soil dreams of the harvest, And the colors in the cloud, And the wind would bid us, "beauty of the light and love of God!" —Atlanta Constitution. MUSIC HALL. F. W. Hartford . . . . . Manager Thursday Evening, March 6th. The Charming Colonial Romance, TOLL GATE INN A Delightful Play of Ye Olden Times, presented by the Wm. L. Malley Company A superb Organization of Players, headed by William Beach Fascinating Tale of Love and War in 1776, Founded on the Battle of Pennington. BEAUTIFUL SCENES! QUAINT CHARACTERS! HISTORIC COSTUMES! Prices — 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Seats on sale at Music Hall Box Office, Tuesday morning, March 4th. Monday Evening, March 10th. THAT'S GOOD! —THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY— HOYT'S A BUNCH OF KEYS OR THE HOTEL. Great Art Comedians, Singers, Dancers, Specialty Artists. Original, Novel and more Entertaining than the minute than all others. A REVELATION IN LYRIC ART. Prices — 25c, 35c and 50c. Seats on sale at Music Hall Box Office, Friday morning, March 7th.

Portsmouth Electric Railway.
Time Table in Effect Daily, Commencing September 26, 1901.
Main Line.
Leave Market Square for Rye Beach and Little Boar's Head, connecting for Exeter and Newburyport, at 7:05 a. m., 8:05 and hourly until 8:05 p. m. For Cable Road only at 5:30 a. m., 6:55 a. m. and 10:05 p. m. For Little Boar's Head only at 8:05 and 9:05 p. m. 1:05, 5:05, 7:05, 8:05 and 9:05 p. m. cars make close connection for North Hampton.
Returning—Leave Junction with E. H. & A. St. Ry. at 8:03 a. m., 9:05 and hourly until 9:05 p. m. Leave Cable Road at 6:10 a. m., 7:30 a. m. and 10:35 p. m. Leave Little Boar's Head at 9:10 and 10:10 p. m.
Plains Loop.
Up Middle Street—Leave Market Square at 6:35 a. m., 7:05, 7:35 and half-hourly until 10:05 p. m., and at 10:35 and 11:05.
Up Islington Street—Leave Market Square at 6:35 a. m., 7:05, 7:35 and half-hourly until 10:05 p. m. and at 10:35 and 11:05. Last car each night runs to car barn only. Running time to Plains, 12 minutes.
Christian Shore Line.
Leave Market Square for B. & M. Station and Christian Shore at 6:25 a. m., 7:05, 7:35 and half-hourly until 10:05 p. m., and at 10:35 and 11:05.
Returning—Leave Corner Bartlett and Morning Streets at 6:10 a. m., 6:50, 7:20 and half-hourly until 9:50 p. m., and at 10:20 and 10:50.
\*Omitted Sundays.
\*\*Saturdays only.
W. T. Perkins, D. J. Flanders, Supt. G. P. & T. A. CHECKLIST NOTICE. The Board of Registrars of Voters of the City of Portsmouth hereby give notice that they will be in session at the Common Council chamber at City Hall in said city on the following dates, viz: January 31st, February 4th, 11th, 14th, 18th, 21st, 25th, and March 4th, 1902, at the following hours: from 9 a. m. to 12 m.; from 2 to 5 and 7:30 to 9 p. m., for the purpose of making up and correcting the Check Lists of the several wards in said city, to be used at the city election to be held March 11th, 1902. The said Board will also be in session at the same place on election day, March 11th, 1902, from 8 a. m. to 12 m., and from 1 to 4 p. m., for the purpose of granting certificates to those legal voters whose names are omitted from the lists. Voters must bear in mind that it is their personal duty to see that their names are on the lists, by presenting themselves at some meeting of this board. LORENZO T. BURNHAM, Chairman. HERBERT B. DOVE, Clerk. Granite State Fire Insurance Company of Portsmouth, N. H. Paid-Up Capital, \$200,000. OFFICERS: FRANK JONES, President. JOHN W. SANBORN, Vice President. ALFRED F. HOWARD, Secretary. JOHN W. EMERY, Asst. Secretary. JUSTIN V. HANSCOM, Treasurer. FRANK JONES, JOHN W. SANBORN, JUSTIN V. HANSCOM, ALBERT WALLACE, and E. H. WINCHESTER, Executive Committee. J. A. & A. W. WALKER SOLE AGENTS FOR OLD COMPANY LEHIGH COALS. Also Reading and Wilkesbarre Coals. Best Preparation Obtainable In This City. 137 MARKET ST. S. NAVY FERRY LAUNCH NO. 132. GOVERNMENT BOAT, FOR GOVERNMENT BUSINESS. Leaves Navy Yard—8:20, 8:40, 9:15, 10:00, 10:30, 11:45 a. m., 1:35, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 5:45, 7:45 p. m. Sundays, 10:00, 10:15 a. m., 12:15, 12:35 p. m. Holidays, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m. Leaves Portsmouth—8:30, 8:50, 9:30, 10:15, 11:00 a. m., 12:15, 1:45, 2:15, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:00, 10:00 p. m. Sundays, 10:07, a. m., 12:06, 12:25, 12:45 p. m. Holidays, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m. \*Wednesdays and Saturdays. CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE. With increased facilities the subscriber is again prepared to supply the demand for such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be entrusted to his care. He will also receive careful attention to the turning and grading of them, also the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of bodies. In addition to work at the cemeteries he will be turning and grading in the city at short notice. Cemetery lots for sale, at Loan and Turf. Orders sent to his residence, corner of High street and South street, or by mail, or left with Oliver W. Ham (successor to S. H. Fisher) in Market street, will receive prompt attention. W. J. GRIFFIN

BOSTON & MAINE B. P.
EASTERN DIVISION.
Winter Arrangement.
(In Effect October 14, 1901.)
Leave Portsmouth
For Boston—3:50, 7:20, 8:15, 10:55, a. m., 2:21, 5:00, 7:28, p. m. Sunday, 3:50, 8:00, a. m., 2:21, 5:00, p. m.
For Portland—9:55, 10:45, a. m., 2:45, 5:22, 8:50, 9:20, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:45, a. m., 8:55, p. m.
For Wells Beach—9:55, a. m., 2:45, 5:22, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, a. m.
For Old Orchard and Portland—9:55, a. m., 2:45, 5:22, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, a. m.
For North Conway—9:55, a. m., 2:45, p. m.
For Somersworth—4:50, 9:45, 9:55, a. m., 2:40, 2:45, 5:22, 5:30 p. m.
For Rochester—9:45, 9:55, a. m., 2:40, 2:45, 5:22, 5:30 p. m.
For Dover—4:50, 9:45, a. m., 12:15, 2:40, 5:22, 8:52, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:48, a. m., 8:57, p. m.
For North Hampton and Hampton—7:20, 8:15, 10:53, a. m., 5:00, p. m. Sunday, 8:00, a. m., 5:00, p. m.
Trains for Portsmouth
Leave Boston—7:30, 9:00, 10:10, a. m., 12:30, 3:30, 4:45, 7:00, 7:45, p. m. Sunday, 4:30, 8:20, 9:00, a. m., 6:40, 7:00, p. m.
Leave Portland—2:00, 9:00, a. m., 12:45, 6:00, p. m. Sunday, 2:00, a. m., 12:45, p. m.
Leave North Conway—7:25, a. m., 4:15, p. m.
Leave Rochester—7:19, 9:47, a. m., 3:50, 6:25, p. m. Sunday, 7:00, a. m.
Leave Somersworth—6:35, 7:32, 10:00, a. m., 4:05, 6:39, p. m.
Leave Dover—6:50, 10:24, a. m., 1:40, 4:30, 6:30, 9:20, p. m. Sunday, 7:30, a. m., 9:25, p. m.
Leave Hampton—9:22, 11:50, a. m., 2:13, 4:59, 6:16, p. m. Sunday, 6:26, 10:06, a. m., 8:09, p. m.
Leave North Hampton—9:23, 11:55, a. m., 2:19, 5:05, 6:21, p. m. Sunday, 6:20, 10:12, a. m., 8:15, p. m.
Leave Greenland—9:35, a. m., 12:01, 2:25, 5:11, 6:27, p. m. Sunday, 8:35, 12:18, a. m., 8:20, p. m.
SOUTHERN DIVISION
Portsmouth Branch.
Trains leave the following stations for Manchester, Concord and Intermediate stations:
Portsmouth—8:30, a. m., 12:45, 5:25, p. m.
Greenland Village—8:39, a. m., 12:54, 5:33, p. m.
Rockingham Junction—9:07, a. m., 1:07, 5:58, p. m.
Epping—9:22, a. m., 1:21, 6:14, p. m.
Raymond—9:32, a. m., 1:32, 6:25, p. m.
Returning leave
Concord—7:45, 10:25, a. m., 3:30, p. m.
Manchester—8:32, 11:10, a. m., 4:20, p. m.
Raymond—9:19, 11:48, a. m., 5:02, p. m.
Epping—9:22, a. m., 12:00, m., 5:15, p. m.
Rockingham Junction—9:47, a. m., 12:17, 5:56, p. m.
Greenland Village—10:01, a. m., 12:29, 6:08, p. m.
Trains connect at Rockingham Junction for Exeter, Haverhill, Lawrence and Boston. Trains connect at Manchester and Concord for Plymouth, Woodville, Lancaster, St. Johnsbury, Newport, Vt., Montreal and the west.
Information given, through tickets sold and baggage checked to all points at the station.
D. J. FLANDERS, G. P. & T. A.
J. S. NAVY FERRY LAUNCH NO. 132. GOVERNMENT BOAT, FOR GOVERNMENT BUSINESS. Leaves Navy Yard—8:20, 8:40, 9:15, 10:00, 10:30, 11:45 a. m., 1:35, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 5:45, 7:45 p. m. Sundays, 10:00, 10:15 a. m., 12:15, 12:35 p. m. Holidays, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m. Leaves Portsmouth—8:30, 8:50, 9:30, 10:15, 11:00 a. m., 12:15, 1:45, 2:15, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:00, 10:00 p. m. Sundays, 10:07, a. m., 12:06, 12:25, 12:45 p. m. Holidays, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m. \*Wednesdays and Saturdays. CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE. With increased facilities the subscriber is again prepared to supply the demand for such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be entrusted to his care. He will also receive careful attention to the turning and grading of them, also the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of bodies. In addition to work at the cemeteries he will be turning and grading in the city at short notice. Cemetery lots for sale, at Loan and Turf. Orders sent to his residence, corner of High street and South street, or by mail, or left with Oliver W. Ham (successor to S. H. Fisher) in Market street, will receive prompt attention. W. J. GRIFFIN



# THE HERALD.

(Formerly The Evening Post)  
ESTABLISHED SEPT. 23, 1884.

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**B. M. TILTON**  
Editors and Proprietors.

(Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H. Post Office as second class mail matter.)

## For Portsmouth and Portsmouth's Interests

You want local news? Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1902.

## FOR MAYOR, JOHN PENDER.

The prince has had a chance to see what we can do in the way of spring freshets.

The motto of the telephone linemen seems to be, "Strike while the wires are down."

Perhaps the senate will now proceed to attend to business, instead of personalities.

Cecil Rhodes, Ishen and Tolstoy should form a Brotherhood of Persistent Survivors.

Like a virago in a quarrel, Tillman had the last word. Would that it were his last public word!

The Annapolis cadets have shown that they are at home in the water as well as on land.

The absentee habit seems to have been a part of the Croker legacy to the pseudo-leader of Tammany.

Oh, if the Governor of South Carolina had only accepted that brace of resignations when he had them!

Is there any international significance in the wreck of the British Yeoman on the point of Cape Henry?

"Won by a whisker" is a sporting phrase that is appreciated at present by New York Central railroad officials.

The Atlantic steamship pool may fail because the canny Glasgow Scots believe that half a rate is better than no freight.

Paterson is indeed unlucky. Having just got over an awful "visitation" by fire, the city is now attacked by an angry flood. Paterson, indeed, deserves sympathy.

The excitement in Paris, caused by Premier Waldeck-Rousseau's carriage accident, was surprising, in view of the number of times the boulevardiers have seen a French government upset.

Mr. Hogg, of Texas, made an exceedingly mild forecast of his reception at home when he said he would be "lamed" if he put on knee breeches and sword to see King Edward's coronation. More likely he would be lynched.

A special despatch from Manchester to the Boston Transcript says: "The new liquor party intends to go into republican state convention, demand a license plank and a license candidate for governor, and then conduct an active campaign for a license majority of both houses of the general court."

The war record of Major Jenkins, of South Carolina, shows that he was a good soldier. His latter declining to receive the sword which, through no fault of his was made the excuse for an affront to President Roosevelt, shows that he is something still better—a self-respecting gentleman. A sword touched by Tillman's hands would cease to be a sword of honor.

DIG THE CANAL SOMEWHERE.

Our Panama friends in Paris should cork down their effervescent ideas, impulses and language, for a little while at least. "Yankee tricks" and "hideous blackmail" are not pretty words for the party of the first part to use about the party of the second part before the contract is signed. The

ment at this stage of the negotiations probably means, simply, that Colombia counts upon a share in the purchase price and gives the French stockholders this diplomatic reminder of intervention of the Colombian government. With that we have nothing to do, except that we shall demand a clear title to whatever we buy.

It is just as well, however, that the French should understand the attitude of the United States in the canal matter. We are going to dig a ditch for our boats to run through somewhere across the isthmus or Central America. For selfish or unselfish reasons, a few of our citizens are partisans of this or that route. For reasons plainly selfish a few others are striving to delay, until the latest possible moment, the construction of any canal whatever. The mass of the people do not care the traditional "continental" whether the canal is cut by way of Nicaragua, Panama or Darien. They intend to see to it that the work shall be as free as possible from extravagance and jobbery, and shall be done as soon as conditions permit.

If they have any preference it is for any other route save that of the Panama, because of its unsavory French record. The surest way to strengthen that prejudice into inflexible opposition is for the French to cry "Shylock!" at us because we are not willing to pay all the expense of their carnival of commercial dishonor which nearly wrecked their nation.

"Trickery" and "blackmail" are terms that should be applied to no one by the men of the Bourse, if their memories were not very short.

## AROUND THE CITY.

Chat About Matters of Not Very Much Importance, But Then —

The signs of spring multiply. To the ordinary person at least these beautiful days suggest the approach of the delightful period of returning life to Nature. And there are many substantial evidences of winter's broken back. The date of the calendar, the warmer winds from the west, the disappearance of the snow, the almost unobtrusive feeling in a heated office—these little things unconsciously impress us that the grass will soon be growing green and that the dear little birds will be filling the air with song. And there was a robin in a not distant tree on Tuesday morning, the first noted by the writer. May others come and stay long.

Col. John Pender will make a handsome mayor as well as a good one. Not only handsome as the word is applied to men, but dignified, characteristically a leader, kindly and magnetic, he will be an honor to the city, a credit to himself—for he always has been so—and the people of the city have confidence in him.

The Portsmouth Athletic club is entitled to great praise for the grand success it has conducted for the past two nights. It is hard to think how any improvement could have been made in any of the features so energetically presented by the members and their assistants. It was a very pleasing and satisfactory performance in every part each night. It was consistent, smooth and not overdone. And because it was not a strain at a too high mark, it was good, happy, and leaves nothing to be

## RICKETY CHILDREN.

As likely to think of chairs as of children when we use that word rickety.

Children with loose joints, bow-legs, and soft bones have rickets. It is a disease due to improper feeding—and a typical disease for the workings of Scott's Emulsion.

For the weak growth of the bones Scott's Emulsion supplies those powerful tonics, the hypophosphites.

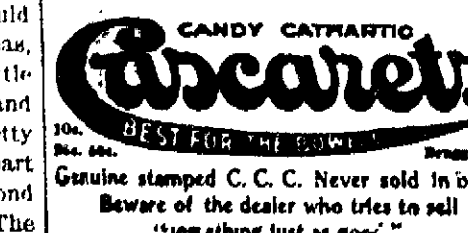
For the loss of flesh Scott's Emulsion provides the nourishing cod-liver oil in an easily digestible form.

It is these things that account for the rapidity with which Scott's Emulsion cures rickets.

Rickety children improve in every way under its influence.

Send for Free Sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.



## CRASH!!

Goes the crockery and the waitress will probably be called clumsy and careless. Her plea of sudden dizziness is not allowed. "What right has she to be dizzy?" they ask.

Women who are suffering from diseases peculiarly feminine are liable to sudden dizziness and faintness, and it is only by curing the "womanly diseases" to which they are subject that dizziness and other ills can be entirely relieved. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It cures irregularity, dries disagreeable, weakening, watery, and ulcerated, and cures female weakness. When these conditions are cured, backache, headache, dizziness, etc., are also cured.

"I suffered for twelve years with female trouble," writes Mrs. Milton Grimes, of Adair, Adair Co., Iowa, "which brought on other diseases—heart trouble, Bright's disease, and at times, would be nearly paralyzed. Had neuralgia of stomach. I can freely say your medicine (nine bottles in all) of Favorite Prescription, four of Golden Medical Discovery, and two vials of Dr. Pierce's Pellets, have cured me. I can now work with comfort now, but before I would be tired all the time and have a dizzy headache, and my nerves would be all unstrung. Now I can sleep and do a big day's work, something I had not done for over eleven years before."

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substitute for the medicine which works wonders for weak women.

Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the most desirable laxative for delicate women.

apologized for. It was good enough.

How would the people of Kittery and York, too, ever think of getting along now without the late theatre ar? I believe they would be so disgusted that they would pack up and move over here right off quick. What a difference, too, from but a few years ago, when to attend the theatre and escape walking home over the Portsmouth bridge, it was necessary for Kittery people to humbly petition the captain of the old Mystic for a special trip and then be obliged to walk quite a distance in many cases, necessarily, from the steamer landing. Now the comfortably heated, well lighted and speedy electric bus past the door of theatre patron's homes. The cars can always be depended upon, for large parties or small parties, rain or shine and always be on scheduled time. And the service was never better on the P. K. & Y. line than it has been during the past winter. There has been nothing for even the chronic licker to kick at, unless really he be one of those who must do so at all events.

And there is another thing that the people of Kittery are favored about and that is the delivery of the Sunday papers. Kittery is a great paper town anyway. It seems as though about every family has a Sunday paper as well as the Boston and Portsmouth dailies. For the past two years the delivery has been in charge of Mr. Lewis Shortridge and it has been satisfactory in every respect. The papers have been delivered early and systematically. Mr. Shortridge is assisted by Mr. Wesley Grogan. There is a big load of papers every Sabbath morning that is scattered over the entire center of the town. But comparatively few New York Sunday papers are sold in the town. At the start off, too much is charged for the latter for them to be popular, eight and ten cents, and often more.

The tearing down of the old awning from the front of the building formerly occupied by the Globe Grocery, and the painting of the structure by the new owners, has made a big difference in the appearance of the building and the street. Pleasant street at this part seems wider and it would appear as though the additional light allowed to enter the store windows might be much better. It is understood that a movable awning will be attached to the front of the building to take the place of the removed wooden one.

A person of good information on most subjects of general local interest is authority for the statement that Portsmouth bridge sways from four to six feet with every tide. He says it always has. Is he correct? It seems as if the long structure wiggled as much as that twice a day the piling would soon be free from their mud bed, does it not? Yet the Piscataqua has a swift way of coming in and going out and there must be a tremendous strain upon the uprights of the spanning highway.

For Over Sixty Years Mrs. Winslow's Footing Balm has been used for children teething, it soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea, twenty-five cents a bottle.

A household necessity—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Heals burns, cuts, wounds of any sort; cures sore throat, croup, catarrh, asthma; never fails



## TOLL GATE INN, A PLAY OF THE COLONIAL DAYS.

The company presenting Toll Gate Inn, which is to be given at Music hall Thursday evening, March 6, is indeed a strong dramatic organization and includes many names of prominence. The organization is to be headed by William Beach, a man better known to Metropolitan audiences than those of the smaller cities. It is only two years since he scored a big success as leading support to Julia Marlowe in Collinette. Being the leading man of Miss Marlowe's company he had the choice of parts and when Collinette was put on much to the surprise of everyone concerned he selected the part of the gouty old lung for himself. Everybody laughed at him even to Miss Marlowe, for choosing such a



A Scene in Toll Gate Inn.

character as that in preference to the handsome, dashing young fellow who was to make love to the fascinating star. But the morning after the first performance of the play at the Knickerbocker Theatre, it was hard to tell by the criticisms of the New York papers who had made the greater hit, Miss Marlowe or Mr. Beach. That he shared honors with the star was a certainty. In this splendid colonial play, Toll Gate Inn, he will assume the character of a half-breed Indian. Other members of prominence in the cast are Blanche Shirley, the leading lady of the company, George D. Parker, Harry Scott, Emerin Campbell, John W. Bankson, Sidney Irving, George W. Walters, Hattie Neville, J. Edwin Brown, Charles F. Southworth, George Gelder, Fred Maxwell and others. Toll Gate Inn has been before the public for two seasons, and is said to have scored a big success. The action of the play is supposed to have taken place near Bennington, Vermont, at the battle of Bennington, in 1776. The scenery is very elaborate and the costuming is true to the period in which the play is laid. There is a beautiful love romance running through this stirring drama of the Revolution, and it is enlivened with many bright comedy situations.

## HOYT'S A BUNCH OF KEYS.

Manager Botcher's merry company of comedians and comedienne should attract a big audience at Music hall on March 10th. The farce has been rejuvenated this season. An entire



new company has been engaged and great care and effort have been expended in the preparation of a new programme of specialties, dances, songs, jokes and clever new bits of comedy business introduced. The costumes are new and elegant, and made from the finest materials. The lady members of the company are not only clever actresses, excellent vocalists and pretty dancers, but are personally the best entertainers before the public.

## THEATRICAL CHAT.

Cressy and Dayne played Buffalo last night.

Another old-time minstrel, Billy Rice, is dead.

May Irwin played in Manchester Monday night.

J. E. Dodson and his wife, Annie Irish, will star next season.

Walter Hodges leads the Lovers' lane company that comes here soon.

William H. Crane in David Harum broke the opera house record for receipts at Dover.

Dartmouth students will play Two Gentlemen of Verona at Hanover during Junior Prom week.

Phillips Exeter boys give a minstrel show Friday and Saturday nights for the benefit of their baseball team.

## SCHOOL TEACHERS AND FRIENDS.

The Royal Blue Line which, for many years, has been operating personally conducted tours to Washington, announces, for the benefit of school teachers, friends and traveling public, personally conducted tours to Washington from Boston on March 14 and 28. Rate is \$25, covering all expenses, including five days' board in Washington, visit to Philadelphia and New York with stopover privileges. Also tours to Old Point Comfort, Richmond, Gettysburg, etc. For illustrated itinerary and guide to Washington apply to Jos. P. Taggart, N. E. P. A., 211 Washington St., Boston.

## BITS OF SPORT.

Kingmond's new owner will not campaign him this season.

The schedule committee of the New England league will meet in Boston Thursday.

Joe Wentworth of Dartmouth has been engaged as football coach by the Case school at Cleveland, O.

Williams beat Dartmouth at basketball Saturday night 23 to 15. Dartmouth played a good guarding game, but Williams excelled in throwing baskets.

The Manchester Union thinks that the Lowell team will be one of the two weakest in the New England league. This will stir up the Spindle city scribes.

## MOVEMENTS OF NAVAL VESSELS.

The training ship Essex has arrived at Bermuda, the collier Caesars at Colombo, the cruiser San Francisco at Yokohama, and the cruiser Cincinnati at Newport. The flagship Wisconsin has sailed from Acapulco for Pichilique, Mexico, the training ship Hartford from Bahadore for Trinidad, the training ship Dixie from Trinidad for San Juan, and the flagship Kentucky from Yokobama for Cavite.

## PLANT SYSTEM MILEAGE.

One thousand mile books of the Plant System of Railways good from Washington to Charleston, Savannah, Montgomery, Thomasville, Jacksonville, Tampa, Albany, Brunswick and all intermediate points. Rate \$25 each. On sale at office of J. J. Farnsworth, Eastern Passenger Agent, No. 290 Broadway, New York.

## NAVAL ORDERS.

These naval orders have been issued: Passed Assistant Paymaster R. H. Orr, from navy yard, New York, to navy yard, League Island. Passed Assistant Paymaster A. B. Pierce, from navy yard, Boston, to navy yard, New York. Passed Assistant Surgeon D. N. Carter, from the Illinois to home and sick leave one month. Rear Admiral J. A. Howell, to be retired March 16. Capt. J. F. Merry, to be retired March 5. W. E. Griffin, appointed assistant surgeon.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever, 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fails, druggists refund money.

## PRESENTATION.

The engine house on Hanover street was the scene of a very happy affair Monday evening, when Capt. J. M. Varrell in behalf of the company, presented to Joseph Akerman a magnificent silver service of five pieces, suitably inscribed as a present for the sale of the largest number of tickets at their cent ball, Mr. Akerman selling one hundred and seventy-five tickets for that event.

Three lodgers occupied bunks at the police station Tuesday night.

E. W. Brown

## RAILWAY POSTAL CLERKS' ASSOCIATION.

The annual meeting of the executive committee of the Railway Postal Clerks' association occurred in this city today. Among those present were C. L. Shaffer of Chicago, Ill., president of the association; E. D. Rutledge of San Antonio, Tex., vice president and James Elliot of St. Paul, Minn. Several of the different division presidents were also present.

After the grip, or other serious illness, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine to take to restore the appetite and strength.

## HARBOR FRONT NEWS.

Arrived, March 5.—Schooner Louise B. Cray, Baltimore, coal; schooner A. Hooper, Portland, Boston, light; schooner Annie F. Kimball, Gloucester, Portland, light; schooner F. A. Smith, Boston, Newburyport, light; schooner Arthur Clifford, Boston, Belfast, general cargo; schooner Mary Snow, Rockland, York, lime; U. S. revenue steamer Seminole, cruising.

### Don't Suffer a Day Longer

## HILL'S Cascara Bromide Quinine

Cures a cold in 24 hours or your money refunded. 35 tablets, 25 cents.

The W. H. HILL CO., Detroit, Michigan.

Be Sure It's Hill's

## OLIVER W. HAM,

(Successor to Samuel S. Fletcher)

### 60 Market Street.

## Furniture Dealer

— AND —

## Undertaker.

NIGHT CALLS at side entrance, No. 2 Hancover street, or at residence, cor. New Vaughan street and Raynes avenue

Telephone 59-2.

## BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of violent purges or pills, is dangerous. It is a smooth, easy, pleasant, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take

## CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

EAT 'EM LIKE CANDY. Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sickens, Weakens, or Grips. 10c, 25c, and 50c per box. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address: STERLING REMEDY COMPANY, CHICAGO or NEW YORK.

## KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

United States Revenue returns show

## Constantly Increasing Output

of the

# 7-20-4

## 10c CIGAR

factory, which tells the story of the superior quality of this cigar.

The Havana tobacco now being used in its make-up is the finest grown in Cuba.

ALL DEALERS.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N. H.

This signature is on every box of the genuine

## Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets

the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

## PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

### WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

#### A Guide for Visitors and Members.

OAK CASTLE, No. 4, E. G. R.  
Meets at Hall, Peirce Block, High St. Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.  
Officers—William B. Mathes, P. C.; Robert M. Herrick, N. C.; Allison L. Phinney, V. C.; Charles C. Charlsen, H. P.; Fred Helser, V. H.; Fred Gardner, K. of E.; Charles W. Hanscom, C. of E.; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of R.; George P. Knight, S. H.

PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, No. 3, O. U. A.  
Meets at Hall, Franklin Block, First and Third Thursday of each Month.  
Officers—William P. Gardner, C.; Charles B. Allen, V. C. Frank Pike, R. S.; Frank S. Langley, F. S.; J. W. Marden, T.; Charles W. Hanscom, Ind.; Malcomb D. Stuart, Ex.; William C. Berry, I. P.; William Emery, O. P.; Harry Hersum, Trustee.

### Professional Cards.

## W. O. JUNKINS, M. D.

Residence, 98 State St.  
Office, 26 Congress St.  
Portsmouth, N. H.

OFFICE HOURS: 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. 7:30 to 10 Evenings

## C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.

DENTAL ROOMS, 10 MARKET SQUARE  
Portsmouth, N. H.

## F. S. TOWLE, M. D.

84 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.

Office Hours: 9 A. M. to 4 and 7 to 9 P. M.

## The Famous HOTEL WHITTIER,

### Open the Entire Year.

#### FAVORITE STOPPING PLACE FOR PORTSMOUTH PEOPLE.

If you are on a pleasure drive you cannot fail to enjoy a meal at Whittier's.

### OTIS WHITTIER, Proprietor

## CUTLER'S SEA VIEW,

### HAMPTON BEACH,

#### Where you get the famous FISH DINNERS.

Most beautifully situated hotel on the coast. Parties catered to.

### JOHN CUTLER Proprietor

## STANDARD BRAND.

# Newark cement

100 Barrels of the above Cement Just Landed.

## THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the Principal Government and Oth Public Works.

and has received the commendation of the best Architects and Engineers generally. Persons wanting cement should not be misled. Obtain the best.

FOR SALE BY:

### JOHN H. BROUGHTON

## SANIAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Capiba, Cubes or injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same cases without inconvenience. Sold by all Druggists.

Advertise in the Herald.



## FAIR EXCHANGE.

A New Back For An Old One—How it Was Done in Portsmouth.

Sometimes the back aches with a dull, indescribable feeling making you weary and restless; sometimes pain hoots across the region of the kidneys, and again the loins are so lame to stoop is agony. No use plastering or rubbing the back in this condition. You cannot reach the cause. To exchange a bad back for a new and stronger one, follow the example of this Portsmouth citizen.

Mrs. Wm. Bell of No. 2 Hill street, says:—"I used Doan's Kidney Pills and so did my husband. Both of us received great benefit from them, and we unite in recommending them to others. We read about them in the newspapers, and as we were both suffering at the same time, we got a box of Philbrick's pharmacy on Congress street. I was troubled with a grinding pain in my back, dizziness and distress in my head and lameness in my kidneys. My husband had lameness in the back, and the secretions from his kidneys were too frequent, particularly at night. We commenced using them together, and it was not long before the desired result took place."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name Doan's—and like no substitute.

## IN THE HOUSE.

Facing of Rural Mail Carriers Under Contract System Debated.

Washington, March 5.—The house went today in discussing the bill to assist the rural free delivery service and place the carriers under the contract system. No vote was reached and it is doubtful whether one will be had tomorrow, as the list of speakers is still large. The fate of the bill in doubt although the impression prevailing is that it will be defeated. The speakers Tuesday were Messrs. Smith of Kentucky, Gardner of New Jersey and Williams of Mississippi for and Messrs. Landis of Indiana, Adcox of Georgia and Hill of Connecticut against the measure.

Before debate began the conference report on the Philippine tariff bill was adopted. The vote was on party lines except that Messrs. McCall of Massachusetts, Littlefield of Maine and Catwile of Minnesota voted with the majority against adopting the report.

## Get What You Ask For!

When you ask for Cascarets Candy Tablets be sure you get them. Genuine tablets stamped C. C. C. ever sold in bulk. A substitutor is always a cheat and a fraud. Beware! All druggists, roc.

## OBSEQUIES.

The body of John C. Pool was brought to this city from Cambridge and the 2.35 train yesterday afternoon accompanied by a lodge of Odd Fellows from South Boston. Interment took place in the family lot at Harmony Grove cemetery. Undertaker O. J. Ham had charge of the interment.

## FLORIDA AND CUBA.

The fast vestibuled, electric-lighted air service to the southern resorts, operated by the Plant system and managed by the Plant system, is unexcelled. Literature on application to J. J. Farnsworth, Eastern Passenger Agent of the Plant system at No. 290 Broadway, New York.

Mr. Wallace D. Lovell, the electric lawyer, and Charles E. Adams of Lowell, president of the Massachusetts state board of trade, have accepted invitations to give addresses at the annual meeting in this city on March 12 of the New Hampshire board of trade.

## "Big Dipper."

In astronomy the "Big Dipper," is called, is in the constellation of Ursa Major, or the Great Bear. The stars forming the tail of the bear also form a handle of the dipper. The first star in the handle is Benetnasch, the second star, the third Alloth. The other stars, which go to form the bowl of the dipper, are Megres, Phad, Merak and Udhe. The two last named are called "the Pointers," because they point or guide the eye to the pole star, which is about 29 degrees. The top bowl stars are 10 degrees and the bottom ones are 10 degrees apart.

**DOAN'S** TOBACCO SPIT and SMOKE Your Lifeway! It can be cured of any form of tobacco using this. It is made well, strong, magnetic, full of life and vigor by taking **DOAN'S** at meals, weak men strong. Many sold in pounds in ten days. Over **\$500,000** red. All druggists. Cure guaranteed. Book and advice FREE. Address **STEELE'S** 1830 N. W. Chicago or New York.

## HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Don't put damp towels and napkins in the hamper. Dry them first or they will mildew.

A writer says equal parts of vinegar and paraffin oil make a better polish for a piano than any furniture cream.

Crockery ornamented with gilt bands or figures should be washed quickly and drained dry, never wiped, even with a soft cloth.

If brooms, both large and small, are washed often, then dried and turned upon their handles, they will sweep cleaner and last longer.

When an elderdown quilt has become hard and lost all its elasticity, hang it in the sun for a few hours, and all the life will come back to it.

Nothing will give such a polish to glass, even the finest, as washing it with slightly moist newspaper and using dry newspaper to give it the finishing touches.

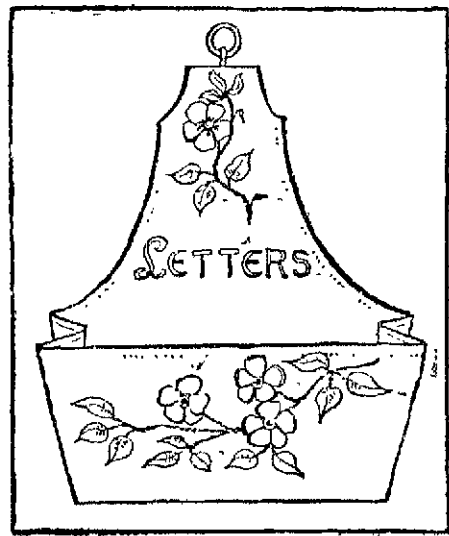
Vinegar and tea leaves will quickly and effectively clean off the discoloration in specimen glasses and vases which have contained cut flowers. Rinse in clear cold water.

Leather furniture may be cleaned and polished by the use of a mixture composed of equal parts of vinegar and linseed oil. Apply with a Bannel cloth and polish with a soft duster.

In sweeping a carpeted room if a newspaper is first soaked in clear water and then torn into small pieces and scattered over the carpet it will gather up much of the dust and prevent it from settling on the woodwork.

## A Pretty Wall Pocket.

This is a very useful pocket to hang in any room to hold keys, letters or any small article. The back and front are made on a foundation of cardboard, which should be cut to the shape of the illustration, about 10 inches wide and 9 inches high. The piece for the front is the same width and about five inches high. Both these pieces are covered with satin, either painted or embroidered with sprays of flowers, having the



A HANDY POCKET.

word "Letters" on the top. The ends are of double satin four inches wide at the top and gradually sloped to a point at the lower end. The embroidered satin must be strained over the card, then the back lined with satin, slip-stitching the turned in edges of lining to the turned over edges of satin. Seam the satin for the ends to the back and front, then join the lower edges of back and front together, fold the end satin so that the fold turns in to the center of the case. A brass ring is sewed to the top by which to suspend the case.

## Cotton Sheetting.

Cotton sheetting is now considered far more desirable than linen, and if sheets of the latter material are desired they should be in addition to the regular supply. Linen is often considered a luxury in warm weather and in cases of illness is at times very desirable. One-third of the sheets may be of fine cotton, but the remainder should be of a heavier quality. Sheetting comes in many widths, the favorite size for a double bed being two and a half yards wide and two and three-quarter yards long. Some housekeepers, however, prefer sheets three yards long as giving a better allowance for head and foot when making the beds. Ready made bed linen torn by the thread, but machine hemmed, is popular with the overburdened housekeeper, but nothing can equal the finish of hand hemmed sheets and cases. The top hem should be double the width of the bottom one, and very fine sheets may have a drawwork hem, using the simple ladder stitch if one has the time to do it.—Ledger Monthly.

## Headaches.

The Countess of Warwick is quoted as saying that a sure cure for headaches and heartaches in a woman is work—any sort of work. "Every woman should do some work," said the countess. "If it is unnecessary for her to work for herself, she ought to do something for others. The sum of human happiness can be enlarged by women if they would undertake it. The woman who thinks she makes people better by a perpetual whine mistakes the situation."

## Salted Popcorn.

Economical, easy to prepare and wholesome for a party is salted popcorn. Prepare after the corn is well popped exactly as you would salted almonds or peanuts and heap in low glass dishes. It will not hurt the children, no matter how heartily they eat, and makes a pretty addition to the table.

## The Silver.

In the care of silver the work of polishing becomes easier if the whiting is made into a thin paste to which a little ammonia has been added. First put the silver into a bath of hot soap suds and then use the paste, rubbing it off with a piece of chamolite.

## USE OF THE PIN.

The Important Part It Should Play in a Woman's Dress.

A good deal of scorn is heaped upon the woman who, as the saying goes, is "pinned together." She is put down as untidy and lazy and generally shiftless. The scornful critics do not stop to consider that the most artistic French dresses and hats are seldom "well made;" that, graceful and lovely as they are, the mere stitchery is very light and unreliable, apt to give at any moment. Mere sewing is not the artistic thing for which one pays exorbitant prices. The great couturiers charge for deft touches, inspired adjustments, graceful drapery, beauty of outline. Many of these effects depend on the pin. Clothes should be put on with art as well as made with skill. There is more affinity in the cunning fold placed with the aid of a pin than there is in rows of mere strong stitchery. Personality cannot be expressed in a frock that any other woman could duplicate. It must have special touches of its own, and it cannot have these if the woman who wears it despises the use of a pin.

Many women spend large sums on their clothes and never seem on good terms with them. Their frocks are very well made—too well made to have any subtlety or illusion. Every fold is in place. Every frill is secured by a strong thread. Everything is so firmly sewed that no mystery can lurk in a fold and no expression lie in the curves or lines of a skirt. When you have once seen a frock, there it ends. The second time you are deadly tired of it, and finally it gets on your nerves. How you long to see a little difference in the bodice, a curve in the sleeve that you had not noticed before! But all this would mean imagination or pins. Consequently the notion of a pin is abhorrent. It is untidy. The dressmaker has not done her work properly. She has been paid for something for which she has not given full value.

As to millinery, look at the French hats. The Paris milliners "blow" them together, and there is no doubt that the stitching will not endure or last long. Consequently foreign dressing can only be appreciated by the exclusive few—just those dear, fascinating women who understand not only the art of dressing, but the art of putting on their clothes, wherein the great mystery lies. They will have a supreme cut, but the folds and the hundred and one little mysteries of lace, chiffon, etc., will be left to their poetic genius, assisted by pins of various shape, size and design. With the use of the pin we get variety, while in the solidity of thread and needle it is hardly ever to be found. Women should recollect that in the sordid actuality of dress there is neither art nor beauty. Style is infinitely more difficult to procure than fashion. One is a triumph of the mind; the other is always procurable with gold. No other attribute is so necessary to those who wish to be well dressed as good style, but it is generally inherent and only to be found in the woman who possesses imagination and can therefore rise above mediocrity. You can call it chic if you like, but neither style nor chic can be obtained in present day dressing without the aid of the despised pin.—St. Louis Star.

## Marriageable Girls in France.

In France a man will not or cannot marry a girl, says the correspondent of the London Times, without a proportionate dowry. This is the case from the top to the bottom of society, from the artisan to the tradesman, from the tradesman to the financier and from the financier to the aristocrat. On the amount of the dowry depends the facility of marriage.

A girl without a dowry finds no appreciation for her intelligence, culture, force of character or even frequently beauty, however great, if she cannot bring her husband sufficient money to meet her own expenses, thus enabling a man after marriage, as during bachelorhood, to consider only his own selfish necessities.

Hence arises not only the rareness of marriage, but the rareness of large families, for these would oblige the husband to add to his wife's income in order to maintain them.

## How to Economize With Eggs.

Left over yolks of eggs if put at once into a tumbler of cold water will keep fresh and soft for several days. If dropped into a cup and covered, the yolks would be unfit for use the second day. The left over whites of eggs may be made into macaroons, kisses or used for meringues. The whites of two eggs with a quarter of a pound of sugar and the same quantity of almond paste will make two dozen macaroons. Where hard boiled yolks are wanted it is much better to break the eggs, separate carefully the yolks from the whites and drop the yolks into water that is boiling hot. Cook slowly for twenty minutes. In this way you save the whites for another purpose.—Mrs. S. T. Rorer in Ladies' Home Journal.

## Heat In the Home.

Since it is the dry quality of the heat that is supplied in our homes that seems its most pernicious quality, it is worth while emphasizing every means by which it may be lessened. The water reservoir of stoves and furnaces should be kept filled, and in addition water should be kept in an open vessel in the bedrooms and living rooms at least.

## Covered Roasting Pans.

If you have a covered pan in which to roast meat, never open it to baste the meat. Keep it covered from first to last. The idea is that the pan is full of steam which penetrates the fiber of the meat. If desired to brown the outside, leave the cover off a short time in a quick oven.

## CARE OF THE HAIR.

How to Prevent Baldness and Premature Graying.

The reason there are more bald heads among men than women is that the man's hat, with its tightness around the head, seriously interferes with the circulation of the blood through the scalp, thus affecting the nourishment of the scalp and hair, says the New York Press. The roots of the hair need to be exercised to give them strength and the scalp exercised to keep it elastic and loose. A woman's hair is exercised in the dressing. The pulling keeps the scalp loose.

If women should cut their hair and wear their hats as tight as men do, there would be as many bald women as men. Men should wear light hats and wear them no longer than is necessary, changing the hat's position to relieve the pressure and to give the fresh air access to the scalp.

If the hair seems weak, do not cut it as closely as you have before. Pull it daily to strengthen the roots and stimulate the scalp. Wash the hair only once a month. The frequent washing robs the roots of the required nourishment. The scalp should receive scrupulous attention, and if the best bristle brushes are used, night and morning the practice not only will help to keep the hair and scalp clean, but will give the friction required for the scalp to open the oil glands and nourish the roots.

Rinse the hair after washing three or four times thoroughly, dry and give a sun bath. If the hair is naturally dry, dip the fingers in pure olive oil for the massage. To promote a healthy condition of the hair and prevent baldness and premature graying nothing equals massage.

The movement used in massage for the scalp is simple. Place the thumbs at the base of the skull and use the four fingers of each hand with which to knead firmly. Push the fingers into the scalp forward and at the same time in a rotary movement, kneading firmly up over the crown of the head and from the temple in a like manner, covering the entire head. All scalp massage should be accompanied by good tonics.

Here are a few formulas used by a prominent physician:

For falling hair: Eau de cologne, 2 ounces; tincture cantharides, 2 drams; oil of lavender and oil of rosemary, each 10 drops. Shake well and use at least twice a day.

Quinine tonic: Sulphate of quinine, 20 grains; bay rum, 4 drams; glycerin, 4 drams; tincture cantharides, 2 drams; tincture capsicum, 2 drams; distilled water to make 16 fluid ounces. Mix and dissolve and let stand twenty-four hours. Then filter. If color is desired, add red sanders.

For oily hair: Witch hazel, 2 ounces; alcohol, 2 ounces; distilled water, 1 ounce; roseolin, 40 grains. Rub well into scalp every night.

Dandruff: Bay rum, 5 ounces; tincture cantharides, 1 ounce; olive oil, 1 ounce.

For oily hair, add ammonia, 1 ounce.

Ammonia, soda or borax irritates scalps with dandruff and never should be used in the shampoo.

## How to Treat Furs.

The proper way to treat furs (that is, every kind but white furs) is to get a pair of bamboo or hickory switches about three-eighths of an inch thick and beat the fur until all the loose hair eaten by the moths is beaten out. Then get some fine sawdust from your butcher or grocer, saturate with gasoline and rub the fur thoroughly with "gasoline" sawdust. After you have rubbed the garment well hang out to dry. This will not take long, as gasoline evaporates very quickly. When dry, beat out the sawdust with hickory switches or bamboo canes. In packing away get a large box and line with tarred felt (tar paper). Then line again with newspaper or tissue paper to prevent the furs from coming in contact with tar paper. Finally, pack furs with camphor or tar balls, and you can rest assured it will keep the moths out.

## How to Roast Smoked Ham.

Brush the ham and soak for twelve hours in cold water, then place in a deep earthenware pan and soak for twenty-four hours in white wine or rather sharp apple cider. Add to the wine or cider a large onion sliced, several carrots sliced, small bunch of parsley and thyme and half dozen bay leaves. Cover very closely so the air will not get to the ham. When soaked, put it in a pan and roast in not too hot an oven. Allow twenty minutes to each pound. Baste frequently with the liquor in which it was soaked and use same strained for making a clear brown sauce. Serve with a border of spinach or greens.

## How to Wash Table Linen.

When washing table linen or any cloth stained with egg avoid putting it in boiling water, which will set the stain till it will be almost impossible to remove it. Soak the cloth first in cold water, and then the stain may be easily removed. The same rule applies to egg cups, and any dishes stained with egg. If they are put with the other china into hot water, the stain hardens and requires considerable patience to remove, but it comes off easily in cold water.

## How to Care For Beds.

One of the first requisites for a well made bed is that the sheets should be of ample length. Allow plenty of material so that the sheets may be well tucked in at the sides and foot. There should be at least three pairs of sheets provided for each bed. Three pairs of pillowcases, three bolster cases and two white spreads for everyday use will prevent awkwardness in case of sickness. Care should be taken to keep the bed in the guestroom attractively arranged.



## Painkiller

Is the best remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica and lumbago. Beware of imitations, the genuine is PERRY DAVIS'.

## DEATH TO PATRIOTISM.

Love of Country Is Being Destroyed by Protectionism.

Professor John Bascom of Williams college contributes an able article on the protection fetish, in which he claims that it is destructive of patriotism. He says in part:

"The fullest, firmest expression of national strength is patriotism. All other gains include themselves in this one magnificent product. Free institutions, if developed along their true lines of growth, especially favor patriotism. If turned aside from the public welfare, they are especially inimical to it. The sense of justice, of the conditions essentially the same for all under the public weal, is the foundation of love of country. In equality of opportunities, the grasping temper of the strong, are most unfavorable to that good will which should incite men in pursuing their common welfare."

"Protectionism as developed in the United States is profoundly opposed to patriotism. It begets a temper forgetful of the public welfare, exacting in private claims and full of personal strife. This is its own inner disposition, and, once established as a public policy, it carries this disposition with it everywhere in all forms of civic action."

"The little kernel of sound theory that may in the beginning have lain at the bottom of protection was shortly lost sight of in a greedy struggle between ever increasing claimants to retain old and win new advantages. The common aims for which legislation is ordained were more and more brushed aside, and every man, busily occupied with his own interests, was taught to antagonize them to the interests of others in public affairs. Our civic life became a game of hourly rivalry in which each man sought a place for himself. How natural was it that the steel combine, bred and built up on this tabular of protection, should, in the recent strike, make no vindication of policy, no appeal to the public, show none of that decent respect for the opinions of mankind which our forefathers thought fitting, but should rely simply on the hard fact of force to maintain and extend the power the public had conceded to it. The temper was, let those workmen whine and propound and propitiate. We know our own business and propose to pursue it in our own way. We will not kick the less because we have grown fat at the public crib. We will not resist combination the less because we are the largest combination in the world."

"One of the surprises in the development of our national life has been the spirit of private appropriation as opposed to the public welfare which has taken possession of us. We have set no limits to individual enterprise. If a franchise could be secured, no scruples have stood in the way. Legislation which aimed at an equal division of advantages, as in the restricted sale of public lands, has been baffled in every variety of method. Lands which were devoted to public education became the prey of the land grabber. The policy of private thrift, which gained such a foothold in protection, has spread everywhere. Our railroads have been left in the hands of corporations for narrow and personal uses. Private property has grown up in our streets and highways, and the commercial opportunities which have been the fruit of our common enterprise have been converted into personal possessions. The indirect evils of protection have far exceeded its direct evils. A temper has been engendered which has respected no public claim and spared no common privilege."

## Effect of Gravitation.

If a man weighing twelve stone were to be transferred to the moon, the weight of his body, measured at least by the attraction which the moon would exercise upon it, would be reduced to about two stone. If his muscles and his frame remained the same, it would seem as if he would be able to jump over a wall twelve feet high on the small globe without any greater exertion than would be required to clear a wall two feet high on the earth.

## A Psychological Experiment.

"My dear," said the wife of the eminent professor, "the hens have scratched up all that eggplant seed you sowed."

"Ah, jealousy," mused the professor. And he sat down and wrote a twenty page article on "The Development of Envy in the Minds of the Lower Grade of Biped."—Baltimore American.

*E. H. Brown*

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PENNYROYAL PILLS

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE







## THE DIAMOND SPLIT.

A Feather and Very Rare Accident to a Fine Gem.

Secretary Harry Pulliam of the Pittsburgh baseball club, who has been in this city on a visit for some time, smashed and utterly destroyed a five hundred dollar diamond at the Louisville hotel recently, says the Louisville Courier-Journal.

It was such an accident as will not happen to a diamond once in 10,000 times, so Mr. Pulliam feels that it is "outrageous fortune" with a vengeance.

"Anywhere but in Louisville," he said, "it wouldn't have happened—old hard luck Louisville." And he thought of the erstwhile Colonel's long years of struggling in the National league against the baseball demon of ill luck. The stone was set in a ring which had been given him by the members of the Pittsburgh team last fall. It was of the fiery white variety, and for its size, a little more than two carats, was unusually valuable and handsome. The gold claws which held the stone in place were heavy and one would have supposed would have given the stone ample protection against any injury it might receive in a fall.

Mr. Pulliam was bathing at the time. He had had his hands in warm water, and the ring was still on his finger. He started to take it off and had withdrawn it from his finger when it slipped from his grasp to the marble floor of the bathroom. It happened to strike at the one point necessary to cause its destruction. However, the fall would not have affected it in the least were it not for the fact that the gem was warm and the marble floor was cold. The conditions were just right for such an accident, and the stone, falling on the fatal point, was shattered and ruined. It was split in two as evenly as if a lapidary had done the work. The upper part was still held in place by the gold claws, while the lower half lay against the base of the settings.

G. L. Kendrick, who saw the ring after the accident, said that he had in his whole experience as a jeweler heard of three such cases and that such accidents to diamonds were generally rare.

"About twenty-five years ago a Louisville woman broke a large diamond in identically the same manner. She was washing her hands in warm water and let her ring fall on a cold surface of some kind. Some years ago I saw another case of the kind in the Hoffman House lobby in New York. A gentleman took a stone from his wallet, valued at about \$4,000, to show to some of his friends. It slipped from his hands and fell to the marble floor. It was literally shattered. Mr. Pulliam could have hit that diamond with a hammer a hundred times and wouldn't have made any impression upon it. A skilled lapidary can take a diamond and after close study can determine its grain. Then by a slight blow he can chip it in the direction he wishes. Mr. Pulliam's ring so happened to fall on the temperature to smash."

## A Raw Sentinel.

General Hughes, who recently returned from the Philippines, tells a story about an Irish volunteer private who was acting as guard over a captured Spanish storehouse and had received orders to pass no one without a special order from the provost marshal of Manila. General Hughes was provost marshal at the time, and when he drew near the storehouse he found his stomach very close to a triangular Springfield bayonet and heard in rich Maltese brogue:

"Blat! If yez come a step further, I'll jam this inter yez!"

"Why not?" asked the general. "Niver mind," said the private. "I know me orders. 'Tis a pass yez must have from the provost marshal."

"Well, I'm the provost marshal," said General Hughes.

"'Tis I that don't care if yez be the president. Divil a foot yez'll sit inside here till yez show me yer pass."

The general drew out a blank book and scribbled a pass.

The private surveyed it and passed General Hughes, with the remark:

"'Why didn't yez do that without all this palaver?"

## Four Kinds of Boys.

Archie Roosevelt, the president's second son, unwittingly administered a rebuke to the aristocratic tendencies of one grande dame of Washington who happened to be calling at the house of one of his schoolmates while he was there. Upon being told that young Archie was the son of the president and that he attended the public school the aristocratic visitor began playing him with questions as to his studies, all of which he answered in a straightforward way. Then, after asking him about his fellow pupils, she wanted to know if he did not find that many of the boys at the public schools were "rough and common." Archie's reply left no doubt as to his views on the subject of boys.

"My papa says," he spoke up emphatically, "that there are tall boys and short boys and good boys and bad boys, and those are the only kinds of boys there are."—Christian Work.

## Lord Rosebery's Contests.

On the occasion of a tenants' dinner at Dalmeny a worthy farmer sat next to his lordship. When lewes were put before each guest, the farmer, not knowing what he had to tackle, took one of his usual large spoonfuls. He got a shock, but manfully struggled and got over it. Turning to Lord Rosebery he said, "The puddin's froze." His lordship, with that consideration for the feelings of others which is his well known characteristic, took a spoonful and, lifting his eyebrows to express feigned surprise, replied, "By over, so soft."—London People's Friend.

## CHOICE MISCELLANY

### Some American Abroad.

According to Julian Ralph, Americans are as much civilized as ever the English were and for the same reason. The English were fat headedly satisfied with the superiority of everything English, and it displayed itself in their behavior, but our offenders persist in declaring the fact of America's superexcellence "from the house-tops" and no sooner land in Europe than they manifest a desire to reform and revolutionize those backward old lands. Instead of realizing that change and difference were what they came to get and were what made Europe the playground of those of us who can afford to go there, they wanted to beat all the chummy houses of Germany, Austria and Italy, to "get a move on" the omnibuses and underground trains of London, to have French railways run on time, to order Pullman dinners on the Belgian way trains, to introduce the baggage checking system in one day over the whole face of Europe and to perform other such miracles as not even J. Pierpont Morgan would either undertake or in every case recommend. Our irritating many among the annual tourist crowds are also given to declaring fifty times a day, "Bring us the best; the best is not too good for us;" to asserting that the great cathedrals are not as good as our churches at home or, if anything (like the Grand Opera or the palace of Versailles) pleases them, to saying, "We'll send somebody over to buy that thing and have it carried over to Cincinnati."

### Brilliant and Rose Cut Diamonds.

"I see in some papers that a new way of cutting diamonds has been discovered," said a jeweler. "This will be welcome news to collectors of freak stones. There are almost as many new ways of cutting diamonds discovered as systems to beat the bank at Monte Carlo, and they are about as successful. As a matter of fact, diamond cutting has been reduced to an exact science. The two best known systems are the brilliant and rose cuts. To obtain the greatest possible brilliance with the least waste stones are brilliant cut—that is, cut with a flat top, or 'table,' as it is called. Rose cut stones are cut without the top table and are flat at the back. A bigger diamond can be produced by rose cutting than by brilliant cutting, but it will not possess half the brilliance of the latter. Rose diamonds are used largely in trusted jewelry. There have been lots of methods of diamond cutting invented, but none will produce as fiery a stone with as little waste in cutting as the brilliant method. Stones cut by other methods are valuable to collectors as freaks, but usually they would be far more valuable if they had been brilliant cut."—Philadelphia Record.

### Red Men Styles.

"Close cropped hair, faces destitute of paint and the abandonment of the blanket" are the twentieth century styles prescribed for the red men by the commissioner of Indian affairs. It is believed that the order against painting the faces is made because the paint melts and runs into the eyes, producing disease. Something, too, may be said for the "boiled shirt." It is hygienic if ugly. But why not leave the way of wearing the hair to individual taste? To be sure, it may be said in defense of the order that the Indians themselves have made several attempts to set the fashion for short hair, only it was designed for other heads than their own and has sometimes been enforced by a process which removed something more than the hair.

### Mystery of Balm Sleep.

A rather startling theory lately put forward by a young physiologist is attracting considerable attention. This student believes that a gland or certain glands in the system secrete a narcotic substance, that this substance is stored in the gland or glands until at definite times—mainly influence by habit and "tiredness" of the individual—it is thrown into the circulation and thereby causes the phenomena of sleep. Further, he suggests that sleep continues as long as the "natural narcotic" is kept up—until the latter is so far attenuated in or wholly abstracted from the blood by the excreting organs.

### The New Dead Sea.

The new dead sea discovered by Dr. Sever Henin in Tibet is described as enormous in extent, but so shallow that to navigate it one must wade half a mile to reach the boat and must drag the boat half a mile before it can be floated with a load. But the most remarkable characteristic is the almost incredible amount of salt. Boats and oars quickly become as white as chalk; even the dress of the rowers soon becomes whitened, while drops of water sprinkled upon a dry surface leave globules like candle drippings.

### Pound For Pound.

An ingenious English arithmetician, assuming that the Boer army contained originally about 22,000 men averaging in weight 154 pounds, and accepting the estimate of Lord Roberts, pro-Boer member of parliament, that the war will eventually cost England some \$400,000,000, makes the discovery that the whole of the original Boer army might have been weighed out in the scales and barely equalled the weight in gold which will be required before they will be subdued or exterminated.

### Postal System Still Weak.

The comparatively modern origin of the present postal system is only in Great Britain, but all over the world, it is shown by the fact that King Edward is the first British monarch whose accession has been the cause of freshly designed postage stamps necessary.

## NEW SHORT STORIES

### A Permanent Investment.

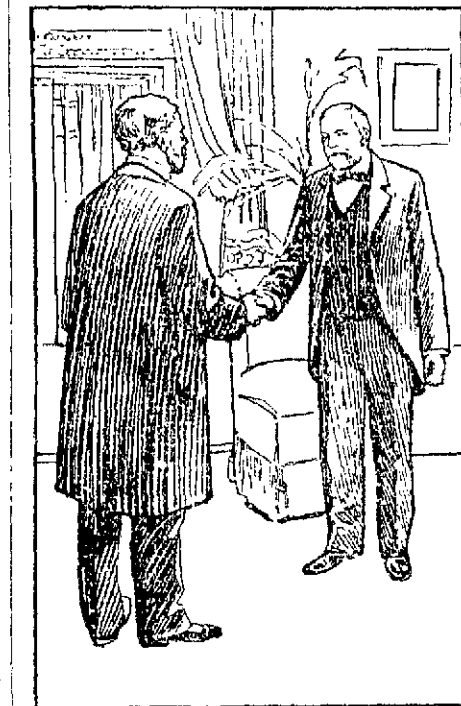
Here is a story of the late Eugene Field that has never before been printed, says the New York Tribune. With Mr. Field on the Chicago Record up to the time of the latter's death was William E. Curtis, known in the world over as a wonderfully versatile newspaper correspondent. Being in Chicago on a visit once, he met Mr. Field, who had been "meeting up" with some friends and was consequently financially short. It was but the work of a moment for Mr. Curtis to "stake" his old friend, and the two parted with the understanding that the fifty was to be returned the next day. But Mr. Field did not turn up, and Mr. Curtis was forced to leave Chicago without seeing him.

It chanced that Mr. Curtis did not visit Chicago again for a year or more, and when he called at The Record office he found Field busily engaged, but with the same old cordial welcome. In the course of the conversation it developed that Field had not yet repaid the loan, and he was overwhelmed with shame to think that he had neglected it. "I tell you, Bill," said Field, "I am so ashamed over the affair that I haven't the nerve to look you in the face. To think that I should neglect an old friend in that way! Dear, dear! What must you think of me to behave like that?" "Oh, that's all right, Gene," said Curtis. "You can hand it to me before I go away again. Don't let a little thing like that worry you." And the two parted with the understanding that Curtis should call at The Record office the next day. Mr. Field was at the time running a column of wit and wisdom called "Sharps and Flats." The next morning when Mr. Curtis opened his Record at breakfast he looked over the "Sharps and Flats," and there he read this paragraph: "Mr. William E. Curtis, the talented and versatile correspondent of The Record in Washington, is in Chicago looking after his permanent investments." There was "nothing doing" in collections that day.

### Was Carnegie's Size.

Edward Rosewater, founder and editor of the Omaha Bee, is a man of unique personality. He is small in stature and speaks in a low voice, but he is a politician of most pronounced fighting abilities.

At a hotel in Washington not long ago he was speaking of Mr. Andrew Carnegie. "Carnegie and I," said Mr. Rosewater, "were fellow telegraph operators."



"I AM GLAD TO ASSOCIATE WITH A MAN WHO IS NO BIGGER THAN I AM."

erators nearly four decades ago. He was stationed out west, and I was in Washington. We got acquainted, as operators do, over the wires at night and would call each other by our first names when we spoke through the medium of our instruments, and for nearly forty years we have been promising ourselves the pleasure of meeting.

"I drifted out to Nebraska, and Carnegie's history you know. Naturally I was more anxious to meet him than he could possibly be to meet me, and a few days ago I called upon him. 'I assured him when he greeted me that I sought none of his money for library or other purposes. Carnegie looked at me searchingly. You can see that I am a small man. I am 5 feet 4 inches in height. He is no taller and is even slighter in build than I. 'Suddenly he extended his hand again and exclaimed with unmistakable sincerity of feeling:

"I am glad indeed to meet you, Mr. Rosewater. I am glad to associate with a man who is no bigger than I am."—Saturday Evening Post.

### Perfectly Frank.

Delegate Flynn of Oklahoma had a candidate for office who was charged with drinking too much whisky. Mr. Flynn wrote to his man, told him about the charge and asked him to write him the whole truth about the matter. The other day he took this letter to the president:

"My Dear Dennis: I haven't tasted a drop of red eye for eighteen months and do not expect to for a long time to come. Prior to that time I frankly admit that I went all the pieces in the direction of enjoying various brands of red eye. It is a mixed anything at all, it was through ignorance, not intention.

Mr. Flynn waited until the president had read the letter and then said, "Well?"

"That man is all right," the president replied. "He tells the truth. I won't hold the drinking against him."

### Afraid They'd Gild Them.

Charles De Kay while talking with an Irish gentleman who was staying at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York, asked the visitor if he put his shoes outside his door at night to be blacked. "No," was the reply. "Begorra, I feared they'd gild 'em."

## COUGHLAN ON DRESS.

### Chicago's Best Drummer Alderman Shocked at New Yorker's Blunder.

They do such things in some western towns, but Alderman Dickinson of Brooklyn has set the fashion in the effete east by appearing at the aldermanic reception to Prince Henry in the city hall of New York; the other afternoon in a full dress suit, spike tail coat, low cut vest, white cravat and all, says the New York Evening World. One explanation is that Alderman Dickinson's everyday suit met with a mishap. Another is that his evening dress suit had never been worn before and this was the first opportunity the gentleman from Brooklyn had to display himself in it.

"Bathhouse John" Coughlan, the incomparable refrigent poem in gallez-gashies of Chicago, was impressively shocked when told that Alderman Dickinson of New York appeared in a dress suit at the afternoon reception to Prince Henry. "Bathhouse," also an alderman, feels that Mr. Dickinson has put a crimp in the reputation for good taste that aldermen have always enjoyed.

"Anybody but an alderman!" sobbed "Bathhouse John." "Anybody but an alderman!"

"Here in Chicago," he continued, "when he had recovered from his emotion, 'we have our full blot upon the air name of our city that is a dead ringer for the rumble which Alderman Dickinson has put upon New York. We gave a breakfast to the Infanta Zuleika at the time of the World's fair, and Mr. Higginbotham, one of our foremost citizens, came up to the trough wearing his after 6 p. m.

"Dear in mind he wasn't an alderman. All the aldermen who attended that breakfast were outwashed and plugged. But the sartorial faux pas of Mr. Higginbotham made Chicago the laughing stock of the world for many years.

"Now we have the laugh on New York. But I am deeply grieved that an alderman is the cause of it. I am proud to say that I have the aldermen of this town trained. At the reception to the prince here, if I am invited, I shall wear a purple colored dress suit with pearl buttons and a red vest. Remember, it will be at night. Alderman Dickinson ought to have written to me."

## A HENLEY FOR FRANCE.

### M. Deutsch Will Convert a Little Town into Smart Sporting Center.

M. Deutsch, already known in sporting circles for his generous endowment of the aerial navigation prize won by M. Santos-Dumont, has another big scheme in preparation, writes the Paris correspondent of the London Telegraph. He means to create a French Henley which will be able to give points to the original institution. Mention, the charming little town on the Seine below Poissy, is the chosen spot. There M. Deutsch, with the assistance of various clubs, intends starting a French center not only of aquatic, but of all sports, except, so far as can be ascertained, horse racing, coursing and similar amusements of a special character.

The most prominent place will be given to boating, and it is hoped that Medusa week will eventually rival that of Henley for smartness as well as by the businesslike character of the arrangements generally and the interest of the contests held. But other sports, whether of a traditional or of a very modern kind, will also hold their own at Medusa. Automobils will have 'is sheds and workshops, links will be set apart for golf, tennis courts, cycle and foot racing paths will be laid out, and not least there will be an "aero-brome." The last named establishment will consist of premises over which will take place the finish of the airship race promised for next summer and where the aerial vessels will come to earth.

### Tommy Atkins to Kipling.

O Kipper, Ruddy Kipper, you 'ave bin and writed by the nonsense you 'ave bin and wrote and thort so bloomin' smart. I've read your verses, Kipper; I 'ave got the bloomin' lot And relished ev'ry word you wrote until you wrote this rot.

O Kipper, Ruddy Kipper, what made you sit and writed Of "dimpled fools" and "muddled oafs?" If so, own up, man; most of us 'ave bin like that before.

And 'ope to be again, please Gawd, when we 'ave done the war.

O Kipper, Ruddy Kipper, you 'ave seen us on the veldt And know 'ow sweet our baccy tastes and 'ow our dinners smelt.

But you seem to 'ave forgotten 'ow we loved to punch the stumps And 'ave a bit of practice and 'od rot the bloomin' bumps.

O Kipper, Ruddy Kipper, was our good old chief a fool 'Cause 'e blessed the regimental team and battered powerful cool Whenever there seemed danger that a 'elden' we would get?

No, Kipper; he were just our sort and took us right, you bet!

O Kipper, Ruddy Kipper, do you see that corpill there? With mud enough upon 'is shirt, but near the ball, I'll swear? You wouldn't go to call 'im 'oaf' if 'is tunic you could see. For it bears the blond red badge of pluck, the coveted V. C.

O Kipper, Ruddy Kipper, when you lay 'twixt life and death, When we opened up the paper so 'u couldn't 'ear a blent In all the sweetest barrik room to see it him as rules 'Ad taken you to glory, was we blarneyed 'oafs' and 'fools'?

O Kipper, Ruddy Kipper, you can call us what you like; We forgive you, Attie; it isn't that; of us, we'd never talk. But it's your own reputation that you've bin and damned today And so brought 'ashin' sorrow on your good old friend T. A.

—London Truth.

## WASHINGTON LETTER

### [Special Correspondence.]

Senator John T. Morgan of Alabama is said to have more general information stored away in his head than any other member of the United States senate. Although he has devoted the most of his time for years to the isthmian canal question, he has found opportunity to keep track of everything else that was going on in Washington. When the other members of the senate want to find out anything, they ask Morgan.

The other day during a discussion of the interoceanic canal bill one of the members of the committee asked Senator Morgan what were the provisions of a certain treaty with France which had worked itself into the controversy. Much to their surprise, the senator did not answer, but sent his clerk to Senator Cullom's room for a copy of the volume containing a compilation of the treaties entered into by this nation with foreign governments. When the clerk returned, Mr. Morgan laboriously looked up the treaty in question in the index and then proceeded to enlighten the other senators. He held the open book before him while he repeated the provisions of the treaty, but the other senators noticed that not once did he glance at the printed page while he was reciting the provisions.

"Why did you send for the book if you knew the text of the treaty by heart?" asked Senator Elkins.

"Well," replied Morgan, "I could not remember for the life of me whether it began with 'This' or 'A,' and I wanted to make sure."

### An Embarrassing Report.

Secretary Shaw has suffered annoyance through the publication in the eastern press of statements concerning his wealth. The newspapers of the east have contained exaggerated accounts of his financial condition, his wealth being estimated at various amounts over \$1,000,000, and that these misstatements are causing the new secretary real annoyance is not doubted, for the reason that he has referred to them many times in his talks with friends.

In pointing out the embarrassments which will come to him through the false stories concerning his wealth, Secretary Shaw said:

"I find upon striking a balance that I am possessed of the nation's goods to the amount of \$125,000—not more. If the impression gains ground in Washington circles that I am a millionaire, I will be expected to entertain accordingly, and therefore I have to contemplate seeing the modest accumulations of a lifetime disappear before the end of my official term is reached."

### How He Acquired Knowledge.

Senator Pettus of Alabama, the oldest man in the senate, quotes the Bible, Shakespeare and Bunyan constantly in conversation and in his speeches. The other day, after he had fired a Biblical quotation at Senator Burrows, the Michigan senator asked him how he attained such familiarity with the Scriptures.

"Well," drawled Senator Pettus, "when I was a young man, in 1840, I rode on horseback from Selma to San Francisco. I had a complete library in my saddlebags—a copy of the Bible, a copy of Shakespeare and a copy of Bunyan's 'Pilgrim's Progress.' I read and reread those books as I jogged along on my horse and by the light of the campfires at night. I know them that's three backward and forward, and that's why I quote from them so often."

### Walsh Bought the Church.

The Foundry Methodist church, at Fourteenth and F streets, desired to move to another part of the city. John P. Walsh, the Colorado millionaire, who is buying much property in Washington, had his eye on the church corner and dropped into the church one night while an ice cream social was in progress. He astonished the young ladies by the prodigality of his expenditures. Finally the pastor came around. Mr. Walsh introduced himself.

"I'm having a good time," he said. "I like to buy things. Have you anything else for sale?"

"Nothing except this church property," replied the pastor.

"All right," replied Walsh. "I'll take that too."

And he did, paying \$201,000 therefor.

### Short, but Eloquent.

The maiden speech of Senator Kittredge of South Dakota, delivered a few days ago, was not a long or an especially thoughtful effort. He had not wasted days or weeks in the careful compilation of important statistics, nor had he ransacked the dusty volumes of the Congressional library for tedious essays on statesmanship. In fact, Mr. Kittredge was very brief. He merely said:

"I ask unanimous consent to consider the bill which increases the limit of cost of the public building at Aberdeen, S. D."

Brief as this utterance was, it proved effective. In less than two minutes the senate had agreed that the public building in Mr. Kittredge's town should cost \$175,000 more than originally intended. No wonder the South Dakota senator smiled as he noted the pleasing effect of his oration.

### Rough Riders Have Right of Way.

President Roosevelt's fondness for the members of his rough rider regiment has come to be a joke with the men who go to the White House often. One day last week Senator Lodge went into the reception room. The president was there.

"Mr. President," said Mr. Lodge humbly, "I would like to speak with you a moment, provided of course there are no rough riders around."

CARE SCHOFIELD.

## AIRING SLEEPING ROOMS.

### How and Why They Should Be Ventilated.

There is nothing more essential to health than fresh air and sunshine, not only in outdoor exercise, but in the home. Especially must the living and sleeping rooms have sunlight and ventilation. Many cases of inactive skins and scalp troubles and poor complexions are due to sleeping in badly ventilated rooms, says the New York Press. It should be understood generally that one of the missions of the sun is to deodorize and purify. There is vitality in sunlight.

The sun is the great enemy of disease germs. Let the sun have a chance to do its work in the sleeping rooms. A prejudice in favor of having one's housework done early in the day should not beguile the mistress into having her beds made up before they are aired thoroughly. The care of the beds and bedding bears most directly on the health. At the convenience of the maid or some member of the family the bedclothes are tossed off the bed, and the making takes place immediately.

This is wrong. Every article of clothing should be removed from the bed, piece by piece, as soon as the occupant leaves it and placed where the fresh air from the open windows may circulate through the fabric. The mattress should be exposed to light, and, if there are two, the top one should be thrown back and the other permitted to cool and air.

In chambers having western exposure the beds frequently should be left unmade until the afternoon in order that the clothing may have the full benefit of the sun. No false notion of tidiness should be permitted to defeat the higher purpose of keeping the home pure and healthful.

Poisoned air is inhaled all night long when the windows have been opened and the room aired in the morning for a few moments and closed then until the next day. The odors from the different departments of the house are not confined to the lower part of the house, but reach the sleeping rooms as well. This is the kind of air thousands of intelligent, educated persons breathe in the cold months. Even on the coldest days the window should be down at the top and up at the bottom, if only a few inches. This will give good ventilation, the impure air going out at the top and the pure air coming in at the bottom.

### How to Make Celery Sandwiches.

Celery sandwiches are very good when the celery is mixed with apple. For one cupful of minced celery use one tablespoonful of finely minced apple. Moisten with mayonnaise dressing and spread between slices of buttered bread. If you have cold cooked chicken or even veal or lamb, you can make it into delicious sandwiches by making it with a little cream, salt, pepper and prepared mustard. A little grated cheese, two tablespoonfuls to one-half cupful of the cold meat, is an addition. For each sandwich use one leaf of lettuce, moistened with fresh dressing. Tines and English walnuts in equal quantities finely chopped and moistened with good thick cream make a filling for sweet sandwiches that is not to be despised. Spread between dainty rounds of buttered bread and put an English walnut meat on top of each sandwich.

### How to Make Banana Fritters.

Remove the skin from four bananas, cut each in half, mix the yolk of one egg with one-fourth of a cup of water, add this and three level teaspoons of flour, one teaspoon of sugar, one-half tablespoon of melted butter; beat the whites of the egg to a stiff froth, add to the beaten white; dip the bananas separately into the batter. Drop them into hot fat and fry a golden brown. Drain them on paper, arrange them on a hot platter and serve with this sauce: Mix two teaspoons of cornstarch with a little cold water, stir until it comes to a boil, add one teaspoon of butter, one tablespoon of sugar, a little nutmeg and lemon juice to taste.

### How to Make Maple Ice Cream.

Moisten one teaspoonful of cornstarch with a little cold milk and turn into one cup of milk that has just come to a boil; stir a few minutes and put away to get cold. When this mixture is cold, take one-half pint of cream very cold and whip; add the cooked mixture and a pinch of salt; sweeten to taste with maple syrup, generally one-half cupful; stir all together and freeze; allow to stand at least an hour and a half before serving.

### How to Clean Brass Beds.

The brass on bedsteads when new is finished with a coat of lacquer, and while this remains intact the brass will keep clean and bright. It should be dusted with a soft cloth every day and, if it looks soiled, rubbed with a cloth slightly moistened with sweet oil and then polished with a chamols leather and a soft cloth, or a newspaper is excellent for rubbing it.

### How to Make Chocolate Fudge.

Put over the fire in a porcelain lined saucepan a cup each of milk, grated chocolate and granulated sugar. Boil until a little dropped in ice water hardens, then remove from the fire and add a teaspoonful of vanilla and beat until the mixture is creamy. Turn into buttered pans and mark into squares.

### How to Clean Eyeglasses.

If you wear spectacles or eyeglasses, remember that they need an occasional washing with soap and water. After drying give a final rub with tissue paper and powdered whiting or prepared chalk. Dim glasses are likely to injure the sight.

## PEOPLE OF THE DAY

### Founder of Zionist Movement.

Dr. Theodor Herzl of Vienna, founder of the Zionist movement and president of the recent Zionist congress held at Basel, Switzerland, was recently summoned to Constantinople by the sultan to discuss the question of



DR. THEODOR HERZL.

concessions in Palestine permitting the unimpeded immigration and settlement of Jews there. The demands of Dr. Herzl, which it is said will finally be granted, include home rule and opening of the sultan's crown lands to Jewish colonization. It is believed that the trustees of the Baron Hirsch fund will concentrate their resources upon Palestine and thoroughly co-operate with the Zionist movement.

### Howard's Mystic Slang.

Bronson Howard, the American playwright, who is visiting the Riviera, suffering from neuritis, was an exchange reader on the New York Tribune when he wrote "The Hecyetta," which brought him fame and fortune. He married a sister of Charles Wyndham, the London actor.

When Bronson Howard superintended the production of one of his plays on the other side, he made a speech, in which he said he had been warned that to tamper with the social question in England was like "monkeying with a buzzsaw."

A few Americans in the audience laughed at this bit of native slang, and the Britishers looked at them in wonder. The critics were unable to understand it. Mr. Howard was finally obliged to write a letter to The Times explaining what he meant.

### Fame and the Amateur Wheelman.

Just before his election as mayor of New York Seth Low took to bicycle riding. Every day at noon he mounted his wheel at his house on Madison avenue and spent an hour "keeping in trim," as he put it to his friends. Since his election he has stopped this, and the other day when some one asked him if it was because of the weather he answered:

"Not why. One doesn't mind attracting a little attention, but when every police officer one passes as well as seven out of every ten citizens feel it necessary to salute or bow and one has to acknowledge it all, though at the risk of falling off two or three times a week, then it ceases to be really too much of a road thing. I shall have to get my exercise some other way or ride in some school till I can get along a little better."</



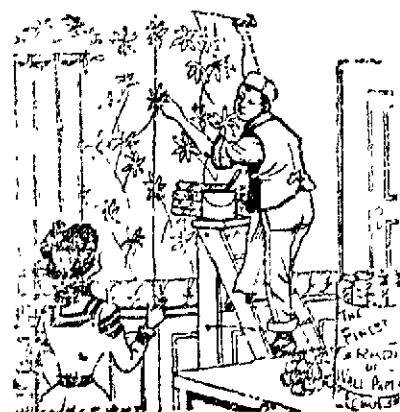
# TRUSSES

Having all the latest improvements in TRUSSES, combined with the "know how," enables us to guarantee satisfaction. Try us! If we fail to fit you, it costs you nothing.

A full line of  
**Shoulder Braces**  
**Supporters**  
AND  
**Suspensories**  
Always on hand.

**PHILBRICK'S PHARMACY**

## SPRING DECORATIONS ARE IN ORDER



now, and we have the finest stock of handsome wall papers, that range in price from 15 cents to \$5 per roll, suitable for any room, and of exquisite colorings and artistic patterns. Only expert workmen are employed by us, and our price for first-class work is as reasonable as our wall papers.

**J. H. Gardiner**  
10 & 12 Daniel St. Portsmouth

ESTABLISHED IN 1872.

**C. E. BOYNTON,**  
BOTTLES OF ALL KINDS OF  
**Summer Drinks,**

Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Root Beer, Tonic, Vanilla, Orange and Strawberry Beer, Coffee, Chocolate and Soda Water in syphons for hotel and family use. Fountains charged at short notice.  
Bottler of Eldredge and Milwaukee Lager, Porter, Redhead Cider, Cream and Stock Ale.

**ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED**

A continuance of patronage is solicited from former customers and the public in general, and every endeavor will be made to fill all orders promptly and in a satisfactory manner.

**C. E. Boynton**  
16 Bow Street Portsmouth

**Gray & Prime**

DELIVER

**COAL**

IN BAGS

**NO DUST NO NOISE**

111 Market St. Telephone 24.

**GEORGE A. TRAFTON,**  
**BLACKSMITH.**

Horse Shoeing in all its branches. Particular attention given to interior and over-reaching horses.

Ship Work, Carriage and Tool Work of all kinds promptly attended to. Stone Tool Sharpening a Specialty.

**NO. 118 MARKET ST.**

## THE HERALD.

**MINIATURE ALMANAC,**  
**MARCH 5.**

SUN RISES.....5:15 | MOON RISES.....05:10 A. M.  
SUN SETS.....5:38 | FULL SEA.....10:30 A. M.  
LENGTH OF DAY.....11:23 |

### WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Washington, March 4.—Forecast for New England: Fair Wednesday except in northern and eastern Maine; Thursday fair, except probably snow along the coast, winds becoming northeasterly and increasing.

### MUSIC HALL BOX OFFICE HOURS.

Open 7:30 to 9:00 a. m., 12:30 to 2, 5 to 6, and 7 to 8 p. m., three days in advance of each attraction. Tickets may be ordered by calling Telephone No. 37-2.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1902.

### CITY BRIEFS.

No session of police court today.  
Bricks are fast appealing on the streets.  
The work on the Times building is progressing rapidly.  
Have your shoes repaired by John Mott, 34 Congress street.  
The Young Men's Whist club meets at Conservatory hall on Thursday evening.  
The Grafton club is to hold a business meeting on Thursday afternoon at Conservatory hall.  
The sale of the Ladies' Aid society will open in Philbrick's hall this afternoon at five o'clock.  
Tickets for Toll Gate Inn at Music hall on Thursday evening are going with a rush and a large house is predicted.

Music lessons on Violin, Cornet, Mandolin and Banjo. R. L. Refuewald, Bandmaster U. S. Naval Band, 6 Court street.

"A dose in time saves lives." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

Storer Post, No. 1, G. A. R. will hold its regular meeting tonight at their hall on Daniel street. Considerable important business is to be transacted.

Schooner Savannah which saved the crew of the five masted schooner John H. Prescott on Feb. 23, was towed into port Monday evening for harbor.

The Easter sale and entertainment to be given at Philbrick's hall this evening promises to be a success. The ladies are working hard on the new building fund.

The P. A. C. boys held a reception at the club house Tuesday evening after the show was over. Refreshments were served and the choruses sung over again.

Citizens who have shade trees in which they take pride are reminded that the brown tail moth is destroying them in nearby places and are advised to be on the lookout.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

The Waiters' Alliance held its annual reception last evening, and it was attended not only by the colored people of the city, but by many prominent merchants and business men.

Arrangements for a large fair and entertainment to be given two evenings later at the latter part of this month in Wentworth hall, Kittery, in aid of the Second Christian church, are being made.

I owe my whole life to Burdock Blood Bitters. Scrofulous sores covered my body. I seemed beyond cure. B. B. B. has made me a perfectly well woman." Mrs. Chas. Hutton, Berville, Mich.

Several members of Damon lodge, No. 3, Knights of Pythias, went to Kittery on Tuesday evening and witnessed the rank of esquire conferred on two candidates by Constitution lodge, No. 88, Knights of Pythias.

The Ladies' Missionary society of the Middle street Baptist church are to hold their regular monthly meeting at the chapel tomorrow afternoon and evening. Miss Holly, a returned missionary, will address the meeting during the evening.

Petitions of bankruptcy have been filed with the clerk of the federal court by Charles H. Skinner, Manager, Cyrus A. Cross, Nashua, and John H. Robinson Pembroke, and a creditors' petition has been filed against the C. N. Washburn Shoe company of Claremont.

**Now Are Your Kidneys?**  
Dr. Hobb's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills. Sold free. Add. Sterling Kennedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

## SHOT HIMSELF IN THE HAND.

Ivan T. Purrington of Exeter Met With Painful Accident.

Exeter, March 5.—Ivan T. Purrington, well known for many years among the town's business people, accidentally shot himself in the hand yesterday morning while using a 22-caliber revolver. Mr. Purrington was idly playing with the pistol, which he knew to be loaded, as he intended to remove the cartridge, when he pressed the trigger, the ball striking him in the palm of the left hand. A physician was immediately summoned, and by probing the wound discovered the bullet near the wrist on the back of the hand, whence it had plowed a furrow. The wound would not be especially severe were it not for Mr. Purrington's condition. He has been an almost helpless invalid for a number of years and it is not known what effect the injury may have upon his system in case of blood poisoning or some other developments.

For many years Mr. Purrington conducted a successful carriage painting industry on South street.

## FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Sudden Demise of the Baptist Clergyman in South Hampton Tuesday.

South Hampton, March 5.—The Rev. Charles M. Willard, pastor of the Baptist church of this place, was found dead in bed Tuesday morning. When Mrs. Willard arose she spoke to her husband, who made no answer. He was dead. The physician who was called pronounced death due to apoplexy, and stated that Mr. Willard had died sometime in the night.  
Mr. Willard was fifty-eight years of age. He came to the church in this town from Dunbarton last November. He was survived by a wife. The funeral will be held Thursday afternoon at two o'clock.

## NO TRACE OF MISS LUCAS.

Belief That Missing Girl Is Dead Gains Ground in Dover.

Dover, March 5.—There are no tidings as to the whereabouts of Miss Fanny Lucas, the young woman who so mysteriously disappeared from her home in Littleworth last Friday.

Searching parties have scoured the woods and fields all through the surrounding country for some trace of the missing girl but up to the present the search has been fruitless.

The impression that the young woman is dead is fast gaining ground, and it is the belief of many that she has either wandered away and died or committed suicide.

## Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

Rev. T. J. Holmes of this city has presented the library with quite a number of books which are greatly appreciated. Let others follow his example.

The New Hampshire state convention of the Young Men's Christian association is to be held at Manchester on March 14, 15 and 16. Several delegates from the local association will attend.

On Monday evening the junior department of the association were given a delightful social evening at the rooms. The guard mount of the boys' brigade was the first feature of the evening which was well executed, and brought forth much praise from those who witnessed it. A musical program followed which included piano selections by A. M. Doolittle, violin solos by Harold Dutton and vocal solos by Harold Eastman, all being much enjoyed. Refreshments, consisting of ice cream and assorted cake, were served during the evening.

## DAVIS—SPINNEY.

Shirley B. Davis and Olive R. Y. Spinney were united in marriage Tuesday evening March 4 at the residence of the bridegroom on Maplewood avenue by Rev. George E. Leighton. Miss Viola M. Seaward was bridesmaid and Leland W. Davis, brother of the groom, officiated as best man. Mrs. Edith Glines presided at the piano. The newly wedded couple will reside on Maplewood avenue.

## AN INDEPENDENT TICKET.

An independent republican ticket will be placed in the field in ward one at the coming city election, and the nomination papers have been filed with the city clerk. The ticket has for aldermen, Ashbell Brown, Willis F. Mathes and Harry B. Palfrey. All of the men are said to be anti-Hett men.

## UNITARIAN ALLIANCE.

The Unitarian Alliance held its regular monthly meeting on Tuesday evening at the chapel on Court street. Ten was served at six o'clock and the business meeting followed. On the first Tuesday in April a reciprocity day will be observed.

## PERSONALS.

Mrs. Frederick A. Hills of Roxbury, this city.

Miss Irma F. Wells went to Boston today for a short visit.

Judge Leavitt of Exeter was a visitor in town on Wednesday.

Mrs. Daniel Brooks of Broad street has returned from a visit to Boston.

Postoffice Inspector L. L. M. Willis of Warner was here Tuesday on business.

H. Fisher Eldredge has returned from his trip south and is in this city for a few days.

Judge Edward H. Adams and Lawyer John W. Kelley were in Exeter today on business.

John Mulligan of Dover was here Tuesday evening, the guest of Councilman John Long.

Andrew Buzzell of Haverhill, who has been passing a few days in town has returned home.

Dr. S. F. Ham has sold his elegant residence in Greenland and will move his family to this city.

Mrs. Charles Sleeper of Boston is the guest of her brother, William P. Robinson, Pleasant street.

Mrs. Richard Randall of Pleasant street, has returned from a visit of several weeks in Roxbury.

Dr. John Cheever of Pawtucket, R. I. is the guest of his father, Joseph Cheever of Daniel street.

Mrs. John Kent has returned to Greenland after a few weeks' stay as the guest of friends in this city.

The Misses Simes, formerly of this city, but now of New Castle, are visiting friends in Somerville, Mass.

Miss Abbie Chapman, after spending a few weeks in Suncook, has returned to her home in Greenland.

Alderman C. Frank Wells tends the clerks in his employ a dinner at Hotel Whittier, Hampton, on Sunday.

Master William Hart, formerly employed at Philbrick's pharmacy, left today for a month's stay in New London.

Mrs. Freeman Pearson is in Cambridge, today attending the funeral of Mrs. William Haley, formerly of this city.

Jackson M. Washburn will leave today for Pinchurst, N. C., and Jonesboro, Tenn. He will be gone about two weeks.

Wallace D. Lovell of West Newton, the electric road promoter, was here Tuesday on business with Judge Samuel W. Emery.

William H. Newick, who was called here several days ago by the serious illness of his wife, returned to Hartford, Conn., Tuesday.

Mrs. Charles Randall of Rochester, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Meloon of Union street, has returned home.

Miss Margaret Hamilton, a teacher in the business college at Lawrence, was the guest of Miss Elizabeth Lydston of Lincoln avenue on Sunday.

Miss Katherine Sweetser has issued invitations for an at home on Friday afternoon from four to six o'clock to meet her guest, Miss Bortolotto of Ohio.

Mrs. Lavinia G. Jackson quietly passed the 83d anniversary of her birth at her home on Summer street on Monday in excellent spirits and health.

Mrs. Joel B. Slocum of this city appears as reader at Ladies' Night of the Middle street Baptist church, Portsmouth, Wednesday evening—Concord Monitor.

The many friends of Postmaster John H. Bartlett were pleased to see him down town again this morning after a ten days' confinement at his home with an eye trouble.

Wilbur Davis of Malden, formerly of this city, is on an extended trip through the west, going as far as Arizona, where he will visit the mines at Congress and Poland, in which he is personally interested.

Philip Young has resigned his position with the E. H. Rollins bond house of Boston, and entered the firm of Montgomery Rollins & Co., on March 1. Mr. Young's many friends were wish him success.

Captain James E. Mahoney, U. S. M. C., who assisted in guarding the Spanish war prisoners at Seavey's island during the war, has been ordered to the Philippines. Capt. Mahoney is well known at this station where he made many warm friends.

Mass. is the guest of her husband in this city.

## Allen's Lung Balm

The best Cough Medicine.  
**ABSOLUTE SAFETY**  
should be rigorously insisted upon when buying medicine, for upon that depends one's life. **ALLEN'S LUNG BALM** contains NO OPIUM in any form and is safe, sure, and prompt in cases of **CROUP, COLDS, deep-seated COUGHS.** Try it now, and be convinced.

## THE SECOND NIGHT.

P. A. C. Minstrels Duplicate The Great Hit of Monday Evening.

The second night of the Portsmouth Athletic club minstrels saw another crowded house at Music hall, showing the great popularity of the members of this well known organization. The show went off with a rush, the wrinkles of the first evening's production being carefully smoothed out and the men at their ease before the glare of the footlights. Messrs. Keith and Tobey appeared as Alphonse and Gaston and duplicated their hit of the previous evening. The soloists were all in excellent voice and the chorus even better than on Monday evening. Take it all in all it has been one of the most successful shows of the many held by this club and the boys are to be congratulated. It has been the cause of much hard work for Manager Hasty, Musical Director Parker and their corps of assistants, but they have the satisfaction of knowing that their labor was not in vain.

## AROUND THE STATE.

Measles are epidemic in East Derry. Robins have made their appearance in West Andover.

The Young Men's club of Newport has closed its doors.

The Mead Manufacturing Co., of Berlin, is to remove to Burlington, Vt. The selectmen of Dorchester have prohibited the sale of liquor in that town.

Ainsworth M. Nims has been appointed liquor agent of Keene by Mayor Perry.

Dover retail clerks have taken the preliminary steps looking to the formation of a union.

The next meeting of the New Hampshire State Federation of Women's clubs will be held in Dover.

The Berlin Reporter has again passed into the possession of its founder and former owner, W. F. Andrews.

Work on the new building for the Amoskeag Manufacturing company, Manchester, is being rapidly pushed. The parts of the new engine are arriving every day, but the work of assembling has not yet been begun.

According to the police reports the number of criminal cases before the judge in Amherst last year was forty, and the total receipts of the police court amounted to over \$1,800. The net profit to this town of less than 1,000 inhabitants was \$1,363.96.

Two men employed at the lumber camp in Grantham went to Lebanon recently to celebrate. They decided to remain over night, and when ready to leave the next day one discovered that he had been relieved of \$65, and the other, who had \$200 in one pocket and \$20 in another, missed the latter sum, but the \$206 remained intact.

The will of the late John D. Varick of Manchester has been filed at the probate office in this city. The document went through the fire in the Kennard building at Manchester and the pages are quite brown. There are no public bequests contained in the will, a few relatives being named and the bulk of the estate going to the immediate family.

The Milford granite cutters' schedule of prices has been accepted by all but two of the firms there. The firms which have not yet accepted are the Milford Granite company and the New Western Granite company. The hitch seems to come on the weekly payments demanded by the union. It is generally thought, however, that the manufacturers will accede to it.

Prof. F. G. Moore of Dartmouth has recently designed a book plate for use in the Mellen-Chamberlain collection of books recently added to the library. This collection of books, numbering about 2,000 volumes, was donated by Mellen-Chamberlain of the class of 1844. The new book plate is an expression of the policy of the college to mark in some way the large collections presented to the library from time to time.

During the month of January over 4,000 pounds of butter was made at the Lebanon creamery. The amount of milk and cream that is being received is constantly increasing. A machine has been purchased which pasteurizes the cream and milk before it is made into butter, removing all impurities. This butter sells for two cents a pound more than any other butter of the same grade when sent to the Boston market.

Henceforth the Newmarket Manufacturing company, Newmarket, will operate without an assistant superintendent, the management having decided to do away with the position. This company was commissioned in 1823 and has a capital stock of \$800,000. D. L. Pickerman is president and A. J. Nichols, agent. The product is shirtings, sheetings, ponces, etc. The plant consists of 61,000 spindles, 52,728 ring and 11,827 mule.

Large numbers congregate every afternoon at the foot of Daniel street and watch the men at work on the new electrical building.

## WOULDN'T THIS JAR YOU?

The following was the last paragraph of an article on the republican caucus purported to have been sent out from the city Tuesday and published in Tuesday evening's Manchester Mirror:

"It is probable, however, that the democrats will take immediate steps toward securing an injunction preventing the name of Colonel Pender from being placed on the ballots as the nominee of a caucus duly called and held, as prominent lawyers have stated that the action taken by Judge Emery was arbitrary and untenable, it being held that no person or persons have legal right to change the time-honored and ironclad custom that a candidate shall receive a majority of the votes in his caucus. As it is now too late for the holding of another caucus it is not unlikely that J. Edward Pickering, the democratic candidate, may go to the polls as the only nominee of the citizens of Portsmouth."

## NAVY DEPARTMENT TO TEST WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY STATIONS.

Washington, March 4.—On the recommendation of Rear Admiral Bradford, chief of the equipment bureau, the navy department has arranged for a test of the comparative merits of the wireless telegraphy systems of Marconi and Slaby and Arco, the German inventors. Sets of instruments have been ordered and the test will be made between the Washington navy yard and the naval academy at Annapolis. Stations are being erected at the navy yard and the academy. The decision to have the test is the outcome of the failure of Admiral Bradford to make arrangements which he deemed reasonable and satisfactory to have the Marconi system installed on board American warships.

## PROBATE COURT.

Judge Thomas Leavitt of Exeter and Register of Probate George F. Richards came here Tuesday and held a session of the probate court on State street. There were six cases heard Tuesday afternoon.

The case of George P. Scott against Robert J. Kirkpatrick as guardian was tried. Page & Bartlett appeared for Scott, while Frink & Marvin appeared for Mr. Kirkpatrick.

The plaintiff asked Mr. Kirkpatrick as guardian to vacate, and asked for a balance on the guardian account on the ground that decree was previously obtained from the court on false pretenses.

## KNIGHTS OF MALTA.

Olivet Commandery, No. 236, Ancient and Illustrions Order, Knights of Malta, held their regular convocation Tuesday evening at which the first, or Knights of Malta degree, was conferred on one candidate. The next convocation will be on March 18th, at which a public installation of officers and banquet will be given, with the supreme commandery officers present.

Easter sale, Philbrick hall, March 5th.

## The Stimulus of Pure Blood

That is what is required by every organ of the body, for the proper performance of its functions.

It prevents biliousness, dyspepsia, constipation, kidney complaint, rheumatism, catarrh, nervousness, weakness, faintness, pimples, blotches, and all cutaneous eruptions.

It perfects all the vital processes.

W. P. Keeton, Woodstock, Ala., took Hood's Sarsaparilla to make his blood pure. He writes that he had not felt well but tired for some time. Before he had finished the first bottle of this medicine he felt better and when he had taken the second was like another man—free from that tired feeling and able to do his work.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

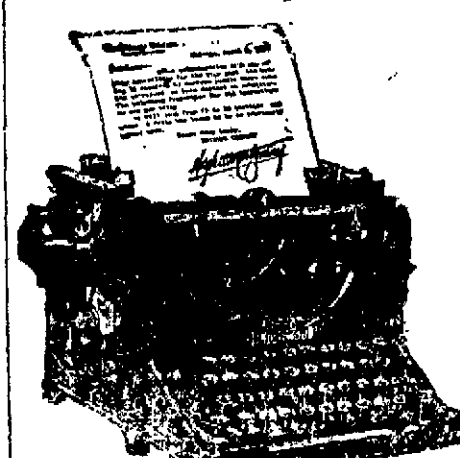
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## THE Underwood Typewriter

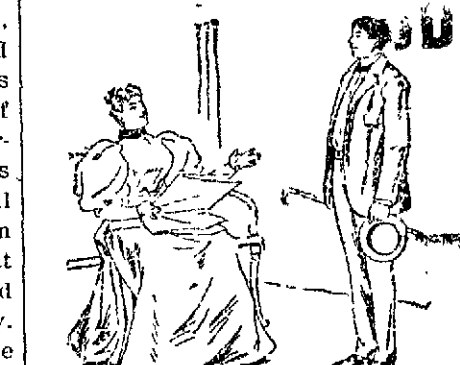


### EVERY LETTER IN SIGHT.

Principle New Writing Visible Speed Increased Touch Elastic Automatic Conveiences

Operation Unchange Tabulating Rapid Puling Speed Strength Maintained Actual Advantages

## LOW PRICES.



Many people shout Low Prices. The prices are low—so is the quality of the goods. We say low prices and we lack up the statement with a good strong reason. We can make the best clothing—make it as well as it can be made—at low prices, because our expenses are light and we have many patrons. There is no use throwing money away. There is no use paying any more for perfection than you have to. We will be glad to see you at any time.

**HAUGH,**  
**LADIES AND GENTS TAILOR**  
20 High Street.

**Old Furniture**  
**Made New.**

Why don't you send some of your badly worn upholstered furniture to Robert H Hall and have it re-upholstered? It will cost but little.

Manufacturer of All Kinds of Cushions And Coverings.

**R. H. HALL**

Hanover Street. Near Market.

## COAL AND WOOD

**C. E. WALKER & CO.,**

Commission Merchants

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

**Coal and Wood**

Office Cor. State and Water Sts.

**Buy Now!**

We just received a new lot of Buggies of all descriptions, Milk Wagons, Steam Laundry Wagons, Store Wagons and Stanhope Carriages. Also a large line of new and second-hand Harnesses, Single and Double, Heavy and Light, and I will sell them at Very Low Prices.

Just drop around and look at them even if you do not want to buy.

**THOMAS**  
Stone Stable, --